



RESEARCH NOTE

Wednesday, December 2, 2020

Nexus Plexus, Quick Take, Calendar

For the uninformed, a 'plexus' is an interwoven combination of parts or elements in a structure or system. Nothing is more *apropos* at present to describe intermingling of market influences at the political-pandemic nexus highlighted since the crucial inflection point early last week.

That was on the still problematic Biden-Harris victory certifications in a couple of key states (MI and PA.) The critical nature of that political decision (which at times markets ignore) was sharply highlighted by the lack of any US EQUITIES enthusiasm last Monday on the third positive COVID-19 vaccine news (AstraZeneca) in two weeks.

Only as the Michigan and Pennsylvania certification came through later Monday evening and early Tuesday did the DECEMBER S&P 500 FUTURE push back above the key interim 3,575-85 range it had slipped below on political concerns the previous week. In our view this reinforced the degree to which political influence was a primary market driver again into the very mixed pandemic news.

That includes the horrible near-term infection and hospitalization developments against the very hopeful forward view on vaccines. As we highlighted into and after last week Monday, the key was the encouraging Government Services Administration 'ascertainment' of Biden as the election's 'apparent winner', officially sanctioning his team's transition approval.

That was an obvious watershed for vaccination hope on the incoming Biden administration's ability to 'hit the ground running' on January 20th after concerns about them possibly being deterred by a previous lack of access to key people and information. As such, by later on last week Tuesday the DECEMBER S&P 500 FUTURE was challenging 3,625-35 interim resistance that was established after the previous Monday's (NOV 16) Moderna vaccine announcement.

Even after Biden-Harris GSA 'apparent winner' ascertainment last Tuesday, it was still stalled roughly into that resistance. Yet even after a reaction back near 3,585-75 early Monday, all of a sudden after the US markets Close it pushed up well above that area. By early Tuesday it had even traded somewhat above the early November (Pfizer announcement on NOV 9) 3,668 previous all-time high from that time.

So what happened? Well, another twist at the political-pandemic nexus: renewed hopes for the previously seemingly dead US COVID-19 stimulus/relief package from Congress. The reason for this phoenix-like resurrection is the newly sharp warnings of impending economic and cultural disaster if 'something' isn't done to counter pernicious developments that will hit right after the Christmas holiday.

It would seem compelling to address major negative impacts like 12 million Americans losing unemployment benefits literally the day after Christmas, and a major residential eviction tsunami January 1st. The latter is of Brobdingnagian proportions, affecting 30-40 million Americans.

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While that may seem an unreasonably large number, it is backed up by solid research. The best of it that we saw previous was aggregation of government and private information by the Aspen Institute (<https://bit.ly/37udSv8>) back in August. It is somewhat dated in noting that eviction proscriptions had already expired, as that was prior to September's CDC Eviction Moratorium Order (<https://bit.ly/3mAbfOL>.) That was an enlightened move to prevent more aggressive spread of the COVID-19 pandemic into this Fall.

One can only wonder what they might do into what is now even that much more of a health and hospitalization crisis now. We shall see, but the lack of ability to evict also has implications for landlords that are very troubling. The whole situation is quite the Gordian Knot.

All of which is why it appears that the Democratic request for a more 'robust' (code language for massive spending) relief package seems to actually make sense under the circumstances to prevent both cultural and economic problems. That is part of why the US EQUITIES rallied, and GLOBAL GOVVIES along with the US DOLLAR came under pressure on Tuesday.

It was also that more expansive relief was endorsed with a repeated entreaty from Fed Chair Powell to not worry about the current deficit. There was also a clear Team Biden press conference message from Treasury Secretary-in-waiting Janet Yellen on the permanent economic damage which will certainly take place if there is no timely address of the combined unemployment and renter eviction issues.

Yet based on previous form being maintained by the more partisan members of Congress, any passage of a more expansive relief package remains more than a bit problematic. While a bipartisan group of both Senators and Representatives presented a compromise \$908 billion relief plan (<https://cnb.cx/2VrHi7F>), it was immediately shot down by Senate Majority Leader McConnell. The Republican fiscal conservatives (such as they may be) are ignoring the advice of Powell and others, and are averse to any aid for states and cities (\$160B in this package.)

They still prefer the same limited relief bill they have been supporting for a while. That is despite the lack of any chance the Democrats want to sanction anything that ignores the rightful needs of the states and cities, which have seen their sales tax receipts destroyed by the small retailer and dining impact of the crisis. The problem here seems to be the GOP focus on the overall economic recovery versus the Dems desire for more direct support for individuals.

That was glaringly apparent in this morning's CNBC interview of Senator Pat Toomey (R-PA) (<https://cnb.cx/3qmvmsH>), where he was adamant the problem was the Dems lack of willingness to back a Republican \$500B plan to mostly funnel money to small businesses through a targeted PPP, with some money for schools steps to create a COVID-resistant environment. As we heard one wag note regarding the GOP parsimony, "*Mitch McConnell looks like the second coming of Herbert Hoover*" (the Great Depression failure President.)

That is why it is important for anyone who has not done so already to take a look at Tuesday's 'Next Outlook' research note. It focused heavily on the early Tuesday next OECD Quarterly Economic Outlook update (<http://bit.ly/2D5BvLK>.) That web posting allows for access to the typical comparative growth graph (<https://bit.ly/3mvxh5o>) of the changes and forward view into the end of 2022 benchmarked to Q1 2020, and the actual web page has the interactive version (just a bit down from the top) that allows comparison with their June Outlook projections.

While the current version once again shows the same better recovery than the June version (as was the case in their mid-September release), it remains well below the growth path that was indicated in late 2019. And the interactive version allows the comparison with the June projected growth graph. In the context of the current resurgence of the pandemic, we are a bit surprised they eliminated the 'double -hit' potential into Q4. They are instead using a somewhat lower growth alternative if the pandemic continues to burden global economic growth.

Yet there does seem to be a COVID-19 'double-hit' in progress on the sharp rise of infections and especially hospitalizations, inflicting maximum stress on those systems. It is possible that people will finally realize the necessity of pandemic suppression protocols, like mask-wearing and social distancing. Yet US Thanksgiving holiday travel has created a problematic situation into later this month and January, not to mention whatever may transpire into the Christmas holiday. Additionally, newly imposed government restrictions on local retail and dining would seem to be that 'double-hit', with little chance of any relief in sight.

The improved performance of US EQUITIES and weakness of GLOBAL GOVVIES along with the US DOLLAR seems well entrenched. However, those tendencies seem driven by a hopeful political-pandemic nexus psychology where the COVID-19 pandemic is currently getting worse despite upbeat future vaccine hopes.

Therefore, even in the context of the Biden team being more amenable to pandemic relief, they are not going to be in charge until January 20th. As the cries of anguish on potential economic and cultural damage prior to that motivated the bipartisan effort, it is important for markets as well to see if that succeeds. As a bellwether of 'risk on' psychology, we will continue to monitor the DECEMBER S&P 500 FUTURE ability to hold interim 3,635-25 and the 3,585-75 area.

Courtesy Repeat of Tuesday's Quick Take

[Reflecting recent activity: see Monday's research note for extended assessment]

Aside from the sheer magnitude of the selloff in the first week of September, it was also a technical pattern top. That is clear on the FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE weekly chart <https://bit.ly/39A23pM> updated through Friday. Such a significant rally above the previous week's 3,504.50 Close and drop well below it established a major DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR) with a 3,510 Tolerance. Along with the 3,540 topping line, that was key resistance after the mid-October recovery.

The next significant support after it traded below the February 3,397.50 previous all-time high looked like the 3,230-00 range we had previous highlighted as rally resistance into early June. After that held once again, the recent surge back above the 3,400-30 area left a burden of proof on the bears to get the market to fail back below that area.

Yet instead the DECEMBER S&P 500 FUTURE posting weekly Closes above first 3,505-10 and ultimately the 3,550 area looks like it is indeed again 'Risk On' Forever. This is confirmation of our estimation the US election would be a win-win for US EQUITIES, with the key accelerated bullish influence from serial positive vaccine news across the past several weeks.

The near-term question was whether it could hold around near-term support at the early-September 3,587 trading high and 3,582 Close from three weeks ago, with a Tolerance to 3,575 congestion? Even though it slid below them two weeks ago on US election concerns, those issues clearing up early last week had reinstated the 'risk on' psychology. Now back above that range left minor recent congestion in the 3,625-35 range resistance. Now above that as well points to the recent 3,668 all-time high. Yet the extension above early September's 3,505-10 DOWN Closing Price Reversal points to 3,750-3,800 area overall before it is 'overextended'.

Evolutionary Trend View

[Reflecting recent activity: see Monday's research note for extended assessment]

Moving on now to a critical market assessment in the wake of the US EQUITIES pushing up from recent retests of the 3,200-30 range and their previous February FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE 3,397.50 all-time high in early September.

Even though the rally to the previous all-time highs was significantly reversed in early September (see above), after holding that 3,200-30 range on the reaction they were back up above the 3,400 area once again and finally above that 3,505-10 DOWN Closing Price Reversal from early September. That has fostered a renewed 'risk on' psychology into the new US EQUITIES all-time high, which is as expected becoming a sustained major influence back into the other asset classes as well.

The **MARCH T-NOTE FUTURE** surging into a new all-time high into mid-March (i.e. shortly prior to its expiration) above the 134-00/-08 summer 2016 previous high was understandable (weekly chart through Friday <https://bit.ly/2KTDUjW>.) As we had based our future expectation on its historic weekly Oscillator activity likely extending its rally at least into the 135-16/136-00 area (MA-41 plus 06-00/-16), violated in early March.

Sustained activity above that zone pointed to the next Oscillator resistance into the 138-00/-16 area (MA-41 plus 08-00/-16) it was already testing back then into its parabolic extension to the weekly Oscillator resistance in the 139-16/140-00 area (MA-41 plus 09-16/10-00) into mid-March prior to its sharp setback.

In fact, the sharp selloff later that week created a DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR) back below the 138-00 area (Tolerance the previous week's 138-16 high.) That is now resistance which has been repeatedly tested on the initial push above it and again in recent recoveries.

140-08/-24 area was next Oscillator resistance this side of the mid-March 140-24 all-time high (and trading high of that recent DOWN CPR.) Even though the JUNE T-NOTE FUTURE had been under pressure back below that 138-00/-16 area into early April, it more recently pushed back above it despite US EQUITIES strength. This reinforces the NEGATION of that mid-March 138-00/-16 DOWN CPR, which still indicates higher ground to come despite the recent stall into the upper 139-00 area.

The next resistance is at near-term congestion in the 139-00 area it had churned above prior to repeated mild selloffs back in May to test the 138-00/-16 area. And that didn't last very long before the recent next push back above the 139-00 area. Beyond that next resistance is the 140-24 mid-March all-time trading high.

Even though the early June drop back below the 138-00/-16 area left the door open to a test of the overrun mid-2012 previous 135-16/-00 area all-time high, subsequent less upbeat economic indications from the OECD, Fed and the IMF had it rebound back above the 139-00 area.

In the wake of its mid-June recovery, the SEPTEMBER T-NOTE FUTURE was above the key 138-16/-00 range as lower support again, with it recently pushing back above the 139-00 area and finally also above 139-24 recent heavy congestion.

The FRONT MONTH T-NOTE FUTURE slipped back below previously violated 139-20/-24 heavy congestion from the previous four months in early October. However, the NEGATED DOWN Closing Price Reversal top from early March was in the 138-16/-00 range not revisited until recent trading. While the key weekly Moving Averages are still in the mid 139-00 area, only the failure back below that 138-16/-00 range reinstated the downside momentum.

That had changed on the early November response to the Pfizer-BioNTech announcement of the extreme efficacy of their COVID-19 vaccine. In last our Monday November 9th research note we also briefly reviewed the importance of the first ever mRNA vaccine.

The more upbeat longer term US economic outlook leaves the next minor support below the 138-16/-00 range into the upper 136-00 area gap, yet more significant support is down into the 135-00/134-16 area. And after the recent rally it was necessary for the bears to defend that resistance in the 138-16/-00 range once again, which they seem to have done at present.

Similarly, the previous strong sister **BUND FUTURE** had seen the MARCH CONTRACT rally back to fully test and exceed its 177.00-.50 resistance from last summer (weekly chart updated through Friday <https://bit.ly/3q1Q6uw>.) Much above that next resistance was not until 178.50 congestion from back then it hit prior to the June contract expiration, with a DOWN CPR at 179.20 (Tolerance at 179.67 all-time high.)

Yet there was a twist here on the typical very early expiration of the MARCH CONTRACT that Friday with the JUNE BUND FUTURE trading almost 3.00 lower. Once the JUNE BUND FUTURE became front month in March it also dropped below the next lower 173.25-.00 support, and even back below the previously staunch 170.50-.00 NEGATED early November DOWN Break support that had been tested extensively over the winter.

Next lower support was not until back in the major 168.58-.00 area from during the summer 2016 previous all-time high congestion that it held on the sharp selloff into mid-March prior to the bounce back above the 170.50-.00 area.

The extended weak economic psychology had boosted it back up into the important 173.00-.50 range once again in mid-June prior to renewed weakness. As such, the JUNE BUND FUTURE back above the 173.00-.50 range then dropped back slightly below the more major 170.50-.00 congestion next lower support shortly prior to its expiration.

The early June 'risk-on' psychology had seen JUNE BUND FUTURE drop slightly below the low 170.50-.00 area again. Even with the 3.00 SEPTEMBER BUND FUTURE premium, it was also a bit below the 173.50-.00 area on its early June weekly Close.

Yet the less than encouraging economic data and outlook from both the OECD and the Fed in early June saw it surge back above the 173.50-.00 area to retest the low end of 173.00-.50 resistance again. Continued concerns even saw it ramp up into and above 175.00-.50 area that it has maintained as support on all recent selloffs, reinforced by more recent IMF indications.

The next resistance was in the 177.00-.50 area it neared on recent rallies, and temporarily traded above in late July. Yet it fell back below the key 177.00-.50 congestion (which it never managed to post a weekly Close above its early August rally extension.) Yet the lower key area it had been above for the previous two months is the low end of the 175.50-.00 range, which was the key lower support with a Tolerance to the heavy interim 174.50 area congestion.

Yet that was not secure into the SEPTEMBER BUND FUTURE expiration, as the typically large differential of second month pricing was to the downside. As the DECEMBER BUND FUTURE was trading at almost a 3.00 discount to the September contract into expiration, the DECEMBER BUND as the FRONT MONTH below 175.00 saw a further selloff.

Yet while that would point to another likely retest of the 170.50-.00 support with minor interim congestion in the 172.50 area, we had already noted quite a bit would likely depend on the overall path of the US EQUITIES. And the BUND had responded well to the previous US EQUITIES weakness, with the DECEMBER BUND FUTURE inclined to push up for another rally near the 175.00-.50 area in that context prior to coming back under pressure.

Yet it was also nowhere near lower interim 172.50 congestion, leaving the US EQUITIES decision seemingly less of a key driver for the influence here on the expectation of more negative COVID-19 news that will restrain any economic data strength. In fact, its bid had once again carried it up above the 175.00-.50 congestion, as GLOBAL GOVVIES seemed to be defying any 'risk on' US EQUITIES sentiment by maintaining their bid.

Yet it failed short of the 177.00-.50 range resistance, possibly on the previous US election psychology. While that left it retesting the low end of that 175.00-.50 congestion critical support in the near term, it had been sharply reversed on the prominent COVID-19 resurgence.

That all changed on last Monday's response to the Pfizer-BioNTech announcement of the extreme efficacy of their COVID-19 vaccine. In Monday's research note we also briefly review the importance of the first ever mRNA vaccine. The more upbeat longer term economic outlook leaves next interim support below the 175.00-.50 congestion into the 173.00-172.50 area, yet more significant support not until down into the 170.50-.00 area once again.

The current rally back into the 175.00-.50 congestion is a critical test of the near-term down trend that has been defended for now. Yet there is a looming problem for the BUND bears on next week Tuesday's typically early DECEMBER BUND FUTURE expiration: that typical wide second month differential in this case sees the MARCH BUND FUTURE at a 2.30 premium.

That is of course well back above the 175.00-.50 range, possibly based on what is still a very COVID-19 challenged outlook and looming potential miss on the Brexit negotiations deadline. Unless there is a DECEMBER BUND FUTURE drop back below the 173.20 level to drag the March contract at least back into the 175.00-.50 range, the bears will need to pressure it again after the quarterly rollover.

The **JUNE GILT FUTURE** was below the 130.00-.50 FRONT MONTH GILT FUTURE support into next historic low-128.00 congestion it hit temporarily on its sharp mid-March dislocation prior to a major rebound above mid-low 135.00 area which held as support back into early April.

The weaker May economic expectations had boosted it back above 137.00 area congestion that had held on recent tests, with 139.00 area above that restraining the recent rally prior to the dip back into the 138.00 area. Even though back below the 137.00 area into early June (like weakness elsewhere), the recent 'macro' perspectives from the OECD, Fed and the IMF had seen it push back above it and 138.00 toward the 139.00 area into mid-June,

Yet the concern over BoE expanded QE led it back down from there. However, even the 0.85 discounted SEPTEMBER GILT FUTURE rallied from below the 137.00 area into the June 26th June contract expiration, and held it on previous recent setbacks in the face of the US EQUITIES renewed 'risk on' influence, also pushing back up above the 138.00 area that it fell below back in mid-August.

Next support in the 136.00 area was recently churned around as the 135.00-134.50 area became the more telling recent support. Rallies back near the 137.00 area have failed since mid-October prior to the early November failure below that 135.00 area. That was of course in response to the Pfizer-BioNTech announcement of the efficacy of their COVID-19 vaccine, followed by other recent COVID-19 vaccine announcements.

That has left the recent squeezes back above the 135.00 area stalling at no better than 135.50 prior to the return of pressure on the extended 'risk on' economic psychology. Next interim support below is the 133.00-132.50 range, yet with more significant support not until down into the 130.50-.00 area. The current rally back into the low-135.00 area is a key test of the down trend psychology.

In **FOREIGN EXCHANGE** the **DEVELOPED CURRENCIES** had also seen massive shifts in the Spring prior to quieting down once again. As noted previous, even though the **US DOLLAR INDEX** had a 'haven' bid into mid-February, it then came under extensive pressure against the other **DEVELOPED CURRENCIES** (including an atypical depression of the other major 'haven' currency **JAPANESE YEN**.)

The problems in the US COVID-19 response had left it under sustained pressure. Yet the concerns about how poorly the other countries might fare under the extended COVID-19 impact had seen a partial 'haven' bid return to the greenback until the **US DOLLAR INDEX** stall on its late September temporary push above the key 94.00-.30 area. While this was previously likely also at least partially tied to the **US EQUITIES** renewed 'risk on' psychology, there is also the degree to which the US has a more troubling COVID-19 pandemic problem than the rest of much of the world. and the sustained Democratic election poll lead fomenting fiscal concerns.

However, even the Democrats 'Blue Wave' dissipating into the middle of the week after the US election only saw the **US DOLLAR INDEX** rally back to the top of the 94.00-.30 range prior to dropping repeatedly back to the 92.50-24 range once again. As that is now violated, the Evolutionary Trend View for the greenback is a continued down trend.

While the volatility in this area was also historically extreme prior to spring stabilization, previous **US DOLLAR INDEX** weakness was not a surprise with COVID-19 is spreading in the previously 'safe' United States. Yet that was reversed on worse impacts elsewhere leading to a wild rally to 103.00 prior to settling back into the 99.00 area and slipping below it in late May.

As noted previous, there was some interim congestion in the 97.00 area, yet with the next major congestion in the 96.00 area it failed below in early July. That was reinforced by a weekly UP Closing Price Reversal from back during the wild early-March selloff and recovery. Next lower support was the 95.00 area congestion with a Tolerance to the 94.65 early March trading low.

It is likely that concerns over the US COVID-19 problems left it below that key March 94.65 trading low. While there was lower key support nearby as the 94.00-93.71 2-year trading low, that was also violated in August (as seen in the weekly chart updated through Friday <https://bit.ly/2Vp5hUN>.) There was also the downside Acceleration out of the bottom of the aggressive DOWN Channel since the 102.99 sharp mid-March rally high.

While it was very reasonable to ask whether the **US DOLLAR INDEX** might be 'oversold' in the near-term, any full channel escape below 93.50 level in the direction of the trend (Acceleration) out a channel can overrun short-term indications. There was interim support below as nearby as 92.50-.24 (26-month trading low) that held on a series of August-November tests.

Yet its inability to sustain activity back above the low 94.00 area top of the recently violated congestion has seen it drop below 92.50-.24 in late November. The more major supports are now not until down in the 91.00-90.50 area and 89.00 area (with due respect for the 90.00 'big penny' only being psychological at this time.)

European currencies had been under pressure again versus the **US DOLLAR**. **EUR/USD** was under pressure previous early this year due to its still weak economy, the initial response to the COVID-19 spread there took it to 33-month lows below last October's 1.0878 trading low prior to the subsequent sharp recovery. The **EURO** was then strengthening very much against the temporarily weak **US DOLLAR** due to previous 'greenback avoidance'.

Since early April it had seen serial swings between the 1.0800 and 1.1000 areas with it now pushing above the higher end of that range and even the higher 1.1200-50 resistance. Next higher interim resistance is in the 1.1400 area it recently tested and stalled, yet with the major historic congestion resistance not until the 1.1500 area and EUR/USD now weakening back to 1.1200 again on the reinstated 'risk off' psychology.

As EUR/USD had strengthened from 1.1200 area again on US DOLLAR weakness, it also tested and held there on late June resurgent COVID-19 concerns. However, the degree to which those are more prominent in the US had EUR/USD back up above 1.1400 area and even the more prominent 1.1500 area. It also pushed above the 18-month 1.1570 high in late July.

The next interim resistance was at the 1.1815 September 2018 high it recently pushed above prior to slipping back below it again after churning heavily around it. Lower interim support reverts to 1.1700 area recent trading lows, with further support into the 1.1600 area held on tests in both September and early November.

Recent sustained recovery back above the 1.1700 reinstated it as a key consideration once again. Next resistance around the 1.1815 September 2018 high is yet again being violated, and the more major 1.2000-1.2100 range last tested into early September is being hit once again. That leaves next resistance into the 1.2200-50 range at the bottom of the early 2018 major range where next resistance is not until the 1.2400-50 area.

GBP/USD had already held up much better against the US DOLLAR than other DEVELOPED CURRENCIES in the wake of the Brexit vote finally confirming its exit from the EU. While failing from 1.3500 again in December as well as back below the interim 1.3200 congestion, it only worked its way gradually into the historically important 1.3000-1.2800 range.

Even on the late February US DOLLAR surge, GBP/USD only dropped to a Close near the bottom of that range. However, the BoE leading the emergency rate cut efforts spooked the POUND bulls, leaving it back below 1.2800. Since then it Closed below 1.2500-1.2450 in late-April and even the interim 1.2200 area and previous major 1.2000-1.1960 September 2019 3.5 year low.

Thankfully, it rebounded back above the 1.2200 area, even if only stalling back into the 1.2500-1.2450 area. That was previous resistance despite the mid-April very temporary blip above it. July strength above that area had created a new interim resistance at the 1.2650 area highs, which would act as support on selloffs even once it pushed back above the 1.2700-50 range, with the more prominent resistance still into that broad range of the 1.2800-1.3000 area.

While temporarily back below it again on late Summer UK and European COVID-19 concerns, the subsequent secular US DOLLAR weakness is assisting a push above 1.3000 and even the interim 1.3200 congestion. The 1.3500 area is next resistance once again..

And despite the previous US-China rapprochement on the Phase I trade and tariffs agreement not encouraging much **AUD/USD** strength, it is recovering now on the heavier diminished East Asian COVID-19 impact. That is only as expected, yet it is still from well below the .7000 area held in early-May of last year.

Minor squeezes temporarily back above the .7000 area were only a prelude to slipping more definitively below it last July. Next lower major support was the .6825 area early-2016 10-year trading lows it also slipped below around the same time.

That is important after it slipped below next interim support at .6690-77 in early February on COVID-19 driven weak Chinese economic concerns. The .6500 area was the next support it slipped below along with violating the .6250 area next support. That was the last interim congestion this side of the now also violated .6000 area October 2008 17-year trading low.

Recently trading only somewhat above the .6500 area after previous slippage below it, the current rally has extended well above it and the hefty .6690-77 congestion. That left the next congestion resistance into the .7000-50 range it is most interesting it only challenged in the wake of strength in the other DEVELOPED CURRENCIES, and had recently slipped back from much nearer the .6800 area.

Now above it the next higher congestion reverted back the .7200 area heavy historic resistance it had recently traded below once again. Back above it now after dropping toward another test of the .7000 area that was seen as recently as late September sees current US DOLLAR secular weakness create an AUD/USD surge back above .7200 once again. That has reached the .7350-.7400 congestion once again with the interim .7500 area above that.

USD/JPY was the prima facie example of the extreme mid-February 'haven' bid in the US DOLLAR, as the typical fellow 'haven' currency YEN came under heavy pressure on the USD/JPY surge above 110.00 for the first time since May 2019, leading to an immediate rally to the prominent 112.00-.50 area into the end of that week.

Yet here as well, once the US DOLLAR came under pressure on its loss of 'haven' status due to the COVID-19 spread in the previously safe US, at the end of February it 'crashed' back below the 110.00 area to Close into 108.00 again.

Yet that did not hold since early March began on weakness that carried below the interim 106.00 area and once again below the very prominent 105.00-104.50 range (39-month trading low with major tests in March 2018, January 2018 and August 2019.)

Next lower congestion was not until the interim 102.50 area that USD/JPY traded below recently prior to and recovering back above the low 105.00 area as well as 108.00 and recently even the 110.00 area once again prior to the current weakness.

The higher resistances remain in the 112.00-.50 and 114.00-.50 areas. Yet after sagging back below the 108.00 area also left it weakening below 106.00, it has been weak once again below that level since early June. Below 106.00 that it was previously churning back above leaves next lower support reverts back to the historic 105.00-104.50 area it had slipped back into again prior to a recent recovery... one of the few areas of US DOLLAR strength.

That is after previously trading below it both in late July and again in mid-September, and after it was also temporarily massively violated back in March. As that is now being violated once again, there is interim support into 102.50 it neared on its recent selloff, yet with the next major support not until the 100.00-99.07 area including the major June 2016 6.5 year low.

And **EMERGING CURRENCIES** that had been under pressure had been recovering to some degree in February prior to coming back under pressure. While stronger over the Summer, they were back under pressure on the 'macro' view deteriorating into the COVID-19 'risk off' once again until the recent 'risk on' revival on better data abetted by the secular US DOLLAR weakness. While that was except for the TURKISH LIRA, even that has recovered to a goodly degree on current renewed global 'risk on' psychology creating secular US DOLLAR weakness.

The **SA RAND** has seen **USD/ZAR** overrun 15.40-.50 and even the 15.69 September 2018 high prior to pulling back previous. Even though it sagged all the way to 15.20 in early March, it was back above 15.40-.50 and the 15.69 resistance a week later. Then it surged above the 16.00 and 16.30 next higher congestion resistances all the way into violating the 16.95 resistance in mid-March. The weak economic outlook caused it to exceed the January 2016 17.94 all-time high it set back markedly from in the wake of the US rescue package.

Yet it then surged well above them, setting up a potential RAND failure after the sharp early April USD/ZAR 19.00 DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR) with a Tolerance to the 19.08 high of the previous week. After vigorously testing that resistance in late-April, it is even more critical going forward. There is also the 19.33 all-time high of that DOWN CPR week. It is also of note that the previous sharp slide of USD/ZAR from that 19.00 area only sagged to the very top of the near-term 18.00-17.80 recent congestion support prior to getting the bid back.

As such, the near-term aggressive up trend was not in any way threatened. There was also the previous sharp upsurge in the wake of US EQUITIES previous near-term slide, yet with USD/ZAR finally dropping well back below the 18.00-17.80 area into mid-May after it had previously tested it and held.

This is a further sign of how much central bank and government supports have encouraged a more upbeat outlook, whether that proves to be the case across time. The recent drop below the 17.75 weekly MA-13 left the next short-term congestion support back into the 17.55-.50 range it had recently also slipped below, along with more prominent historic congestion into 17.15-16.90 range from the USD/ZAR early 2016 spike higher.

While recently below that as well, it is of note that it barely reached the next historic interim congestion in the 16.30 area in late July prior to the next rebound (i.e. not nearing heavier support in the 16.00 and 15.70-.60 areas.) It was important to watch how it did after recently crossing back above that prominent historic 17.15-16.90 congestion and failing back below it.

That left the lower interim support into 16.50 (including weekly MA-41) it had slipped back below prior to the recent US DOLLAR recovery. That left the next lower supports into the heavy congestion in the 16.30 area it had slipped below again of late, with the next lower congestion into the 16.00 area it neared in mid-September and from which it has recently recovered back above 16.30 on the more prominent COVID-19 'risk off' psychology.

Yet secular US DOLLAR weakness has left it below 16.00, as well as the heavier support in the 15.70 and the 15.50-.40 areas, where it failed on recent temporary recovery rallies. That leaves the next support into the heavy 15.10-.00 area congestion which it temporarily tested last week, with the next interim support not until the 14.50-.45 area.

The RUSSIAN RUBLE had seen **USD/RUB** push above 66.50-67.00 on weak Crude Oil as well (economic weakness driven) prior to dropping back on short-term EQUITIES and CRUDE OIL recovery. Back out above it last week left the bigger resistance not until 69.00-70.00 it began this week pushing sharply above.

And historically there is not much resistance again until the 75.00 area (early 2016 congestion) which it tested into early March prior to pulling back nearer to the interim 71.00 area. Yet here as well the return of economic stresses had seen it rally back up above 75.00 of late on the previous hope for the global economy and (at long last) some reasonably significant Crude Oil improvement on the Russo-Saudi pumping truce.

That said, after recent USD/RUB strength again back above the 75.00 area, it has recently slipped somewhat below it on the Crude Oil stabilization and rally. Next interim support was previous congestion and recent trading lows into the 73.00-72.70 area it had previously violated prior to the recent recovery.

The more major support was still into the 71.00-70.00 area it had recently dropped below along with the next interim congestion into the 68.00 area. Now back above that key lower area left 71.00-70.00 the key higher area it was finally pushing above again after stalling near it on the previous recent rallies.

That has led to a recovery back above 73.00-72.70 area it has nominally exceeded once again, with next resistance reverting to the 75.00 area it has fully recovered above of late (including 75.80) likely on the weaker CRUDE OIL activity.

More major higher resistance was up in the 77.00 area it has also violated of late, with not much above until 80.00 area it stalled into recently prior to the sharp drop slightly back below 77.00. And while failing temporarily on the recent churn back into that range, the resurgent COVID-19 impact on Russia along with weak energy prices had seen it push above 80.00 once again, with next resistance into 81.30 it never quite reached prior to sagging back below 80.00 and recently even the 77.00 area. That leaves next supports in the 75.00 area and 73.00-72.70.

Even the previously more resilient MEXICAN PESO saw **USD/MXN** surge above the 20.25 resistance in early March leading to an explosive rally. Here as well PESO weakness continued on the COVID-19 North American impact, with next resistances at 20.50 and 20.65 sharply overrun into mid-March on the way to also violating the 20.96 June 2018 high (also congestion) on the way to surging above the 22.03 January 2017 all-time high as well.

And the return of the economic stresses and weak Crude Oil prices had seen it surge to a new 24.62 all-time high out of mid-March, which had been exceeded on the US rescue package worries leading to another new 25.44 all-time high in late March prior to setting back around the mid-low 23.00 area. That left a weekly DOWN CPR from 24.40 (Tolerance 24.62) as new near-term resistance, yet which was NEGATED on last week's push higher (and Closing above it.)

There was also another round of USD/MXN weakening from the early April 25.76 new all-time high. That left yet another weekly DOWN CPR from 24.96 (Tolerance 25.04) the critical elevated near-term topping signal key resistance after it pushed above that mid-24.00 area.

Much like USD/ZAR stalling from its 19.00 retest, USD/MXN falling back from the 25.00 area critical resistance below the low-24.00 area was a positive PESO sign. Lower support was the recent congestion in the low 23.00 area it neared in early April and had violated by a big margin.

And the recent return of a 'risk on' psychology had it slipping to and even temporarily below the recent 22.30 lower interim congestion since early last month, which it was violating for a test of the 22.00 more prominent lower support area (old January 2017 major high) which remains the key lower threshold it has slipped below at present.

And on current weakness the 22.30 area is reinstated as resistance, with the higher level into the 22.60 area once again even as it has failed below the 22.00 area once again. Below that was the June 21.50 area UP Closing Price Reversal as the next interim support it has also failed below, on the way to retesting the top end of the 21.00-20.60 area it has now slipped into again. Much below that broad berth the next support is not until the 20.25 area, including an important 20.30-.10 weekly chart gap from on the way up in March of this year.

However, the COVID-19 influence that saw it back up toward 21.50 has fizzled on a drop back below 21.00 and even the 20.60 low end of that support range. There is now more major support into the 20.00-19.80 significant multiyear congestion not seen since early March that has been retested since last week, with additional significant historic (2018-2019) congestion as nearby as the 19.65-.50 area.

The TURKISH LIRA had been relatively steady through all of the EMERGING CURRENCY turmoil elsewhere. Yet it has been under pressure since **USD/TRY** held key 5.50-5.45 support and pushed back above 5.65-.60 range along with last July's 5.7871 high from after the central bank governor dismissal. Key resistance at 5.90-5.93 was also exceeded again in January.

USD/TRY even strengthened above the 6.00 area that seemed to point to a retest of interim 6.15 area that was also exceeded on the way to a test of the May 2019 crisis 6.25 area 17-month trading high. Compared to the weakness of other EMERGING CURRENCIES this previously left the LIRA a bastion of stability.

Yet above the 6.25 area since mid-March left the door open to a test of the higher September 2018 6.45-6.55 congestion it had exceeded again prior to the temporary subsequent setback into that area later on in March. Since mid-April it has rallied above extended higher resistances at 6.72 and 6.83. That left the 7.10 area previous 2018 crisis all-time high it has now exceeded.

The push above the 7.00 area reinforced the EMERGING CURRENCIES global economic concerns, with the current rally back above its 7.10 area important historic August 2018 previous all-time high and May 2020 congestion has led to the current new 7.2945 all-time high this morning. This is consistent with concerns about how the previous relatively better LIRA performance was driven by government intervention which could not be indefinitely sustained.

Based on the weekly topping line (across the August 2018 and May 2020 highs), there was some weekly topping line resistance into the 7.30 area that was also reinforced by historic weekly Oscillator resistance from 2018 (MA-41 plus 0.8655.)

As that Oscillator moved up to the 7.60 area of late. It is already well above it with the next extended weekly Oscillator threshold is 7.90-7.95 this week based on recent activity, and finishing last week above it sets a more accelerated rally in motion. As we have noted for several weeks, the risk to the LIRA is that the extreme mid-2018 Oscillator thresholds are not until the 8.65-8.70 area this week, rising to 8.70-.75 next week.

As such, the key weekly Oscillator threshold was very critical for USD/TRY in the context of the previous several week's 7.95 area trading highs, with the push above them two weeks ago signaling a renewed UP 'runaway' phase. That LIRA weakness came even as the other EMERGING CURRENCIES benefited from US DOLLAR weakness, reinforcing the secular nature of that LIRA weakness that was therefore more likely to continue.

While it appeared the renewed global 'risk on' psychology was assisting even the LIRA, after USD/TRY had dropped back below the 8.00-7.95 area and even 7.80 area congestion, it was recently back up into that 8.00-7.95 area prior to coming under moderate pressure once again. That remains an important technical trend threshold.

Reports & Events

While still obviously less relevant (as we have been noting for some time and is most glaringly apparent again at present) on the standard report releases in the midst of more major global trade and political cross currents, the Weekly Report & Event Calendar (accessible for Sterling and higher level subscribers) is available via the www.rohr-blog.com sidebar.

As we have been noting for some time, regularly scheduled releases are obviously less relevant in the face of the COVID-19 'macro' factors and the importance of the US election individual state certifications last week. That said, in addition to any further COVID-19 infection updates and pharmaceutical company announcements, there are still very important economic releases and central bank influences throughout all of this week.

Monday began the late-month into new-month data tsunami with important end of month data from Asia right into North America along with an OPEC meeting into the recently resurgent energy markets. Tuesday kicked off with the as expected 'no change' RBA Interest Rate Decision prior to mostly constructive global Manufacturing PMIs with the next still somewhat problematic OECD Quarterly Economic Outlook Update as a kicker after September's still downbeat assessment. It also included the Fed's Powell and Treasury's Mnuchin testifying on coronavirus relief before the Senate Banking Committee.

A bit lighter Wednesday still sees important data (like German Retail Sales and the US ADP Employment Change) followed by release of the Fed Beige Book, leading into Thursday's global Services PMIs. After almost nothing from Asia, Friday brings some interesting European economic data into the important US and Canadian Employment reports.

Of course, the vagaries of the COVID-19 pandemic into vaccine hopes volatility continue into whatever transpires on the now seemingly more stabilized US election front. As such, you will not be surprised that we obviously maintain our recent classic advice that has been fully vindicated again on so many ways of late: Keep those seat belts firmly fastened.

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