



RESEARCH NOTE

Monday, November 9, 2020

Happy Equities but Upset Govvies, Quick Take, Calendar

Well, the news this morning from Pfizer that it had finally achieved a broad enough sampling to announce that its COVID-19 vaccine is 90% effective is just the sort of tonic the US EQUITIES were looking for to push through the prominent early September topping activity.

More below, yet first it is also important to note that global govvies are not taking this news well. This is a sign there may now be major global economic recovery and some inflation anticipation.

This gets back to two market precepts we have recently shared once again, which are at work in today's Evolutionary Trend View (ETV.) The first is the old adage, "*The market is a creature of expectations.*" And the second is, "*The market dislikes nothing quite so much as uncertainty.*" Certainly, today's Pfizer announcement creates much more positive 'prospective' certainty about a better likely path across time... on multiple levels (more below on the process efficacy.)

There is also quite a bit more 'contingent' certainty on the US election results, with a potentially more effective COVID-19 pandemic suppression approach from a Biden-Harris administration. Once again, that is not a political statement on our part, just an assessment of the *realpolitik*.

Yet as the Trump approach has left the pandemic rampant throughout the US, markets expect a different, science-based (mask-wearing) approach will possibly yield a much more effective address of the pandemic.

Along with those, it is important to remember that US EQUITIES (along with most others) trade on a 6-9 month forward anticipation. As such, even though the pharmaceutical companies as well as the more enlightened folks in financial services and the political class are clear that today's announcement from Pfizer is not a panacea, the market is looking forward to much better economic times.

There is now 'anticipation' (market participants' application of the market being a '*creature of expectations*') that the economic and business climate will possibly be substantially back to normal after all of the COVID-19 pandemic stresses. Especially note this morning's major surge in assets like travel and leisure stocks and financial services.

Before we further explore why the news from Pfizer is so good (even beyond the sheer COVID-19 efficacy rate of over 90%), we need to briefly explore the highly divergent EVT implications for key asset classes.

The 'macro' implication is of course that any return to 'normal' business and overall economic activity will take place against a backdrop of recent (and still some future) central bank accommodation and US government stimulus/relief. However, the full rebound will not occur until any vaccine already proven to be safe and effective in final (stage 3) trials is broadly available and 'implemented'.

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However, the DECEMBER S&P 500 FUTURE is fully exhibiting that 6-9 month forward anticipation in sharply overrunning the early September 3,505-10 DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR) top. Of note, there was also a long-term (10-year) topping line up into the low-3,500 area in early September that helped restrain the rally. That is now up to the 3,550 area, which is now also being substantially exceeded. This is important, as we are not updating our charts until after today's Closes.

The historic high weekly Oscillator differential (MA-41 plus 390-400) is also being blown out, leaving it anybody's guess when the market might be 'overbought' once again. As a rule of thumb under current highly volatile market conditions, once a particular key technical level is violated, it is reasonable to look for another \$200-\$250 trend extension. As such, the FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE violation of the 3,550 area would seem to imply the potential to extend the rally to 3,750-3,800 area prior to becoming 'overbought' again in the near term.

Part of those very elevated US EQUITIES valuations and sheer trend extensions is based on inflationary pricing for the major companies. That may sound a bit counterintuitive to many folks, based on the idea inflation will cause the Fed to tighten. Yet historically it has been established that a bit of inflation is good for US EQUITIES, due to the implied stronger pricing power. Yet it is also historically clear which asset class does not enjoy any benefit: GLOBAL GOVVIES.

This is most telling today in the DECEMBER T-NOTE FUTURE weakness back below the low end of the key 138-16/-00 range. This was only very temporarily violated on the US PPI upward blip into early June, yet with an immediate recovery to the mid 139-00 area. 138-00 was also under attack when it appeared the Democrats might get control of the Senate last Tuesday (on fears of US government profligacy.)

That was also immediately reversed once the 'Blue Wave' failed to overwhelm the current Republican control, at least until the January 10th Senate runoff elections in Georgia. See last Wednesday's research note for much more on that. After the late week rally back to the 139-00 area, the FRONT MONTH T-NOTE FUTURE settled into a 138-17 weekly Close, based on Democratic prospects in key runoff elections.

As such, the current T-NOTE weakness while the issue of Senate control will not be settled until early January means it must be based on unfolding economic anticipation into early next year. While that '*creature of expectations*' psychology is mostly applied to US EQUITIES ignoring near-term economic indications at times, it also applies to any sharp shifts in future economic prospects being discounted by the GLOBAL GOVVIES; as is occurring at present. Once again, this is important due to our only updating the longer term chart projections after today's Closes.

As far as the US DOLLAR is concerned, it is a more nuanced picture. The GREENBACK fell down to another test of the key lower US DOLLAR INDEX 92.50-.25 support on that same fear of a Democratic 'Blue Wave' taking control of the Senate (more US government profligacy) on the early US election results last Tuesday. It then also reflected those hopes falling by the wayside with a rally back exactly to the key 94.30 higher resistance, where it stalled prior to a weak 92.23 Close last week.

So far today, it is modestly strengthening, possibly under the auspices of any assumptions the US economy will rebound, and it will also see a more effective address of the COVID-19 pandemic. However, that seems to only be on a sharp recovery against the JAPANESE YEN.

The YEN is another 'haven' currency used as a hideout when there is a 'risk off' psychology. The US DOLLAR is not really gaining against any other DEVELOPED CURRENCIES, and is still losing further (sometimes substantial) ground against the EMERGING CURRENCIES under a shift to 'risk on'.

That is even against the recently very beleaguered TURKISH LIRA. That points to the strength of the 'risk on' psychology, consistent with the latest vaccine news as well as the strong US EQUITIES price surge to new all-time highs. Here as well, this analysis is an important substitute for our chart projections and moving average indications until we update all of that to reflect today's important ETV changes.

Back to the extended reasons why the Pfizer announcement is so impressive. That is due to its better than 90% effectiveness in the first instance. It was clearly stated by all of the informed epidemiologists that most vaccines are only 60% effective, and anything above 50% would be acceptable to achieve FDA approval.

At 90% it is on a par with the most effective vaccines ever developed. Those include the one for smallpox, which has been completely globally eradicated. There is also the polio vaccine, which is on the verge of being completely globally eradicated (especially if the US decides to remain in the WHO that is leading the effort.)

While not near global eradication, the measles and Whooping Cough vaccines have proven very effective prior to recent 'anti-vaxxer' attempts to avoid taking those shots. We suspect that in the wake of any COVID-19 pandemic vaccination success, the states will be tightening up rules for exemption from all manner of vaccinations. That is very important for any success in addition to 90% efficacy.

Part of the broad vaccine implementation will depend on uptake by the US and international population. And we would hope that previous fears of a low uptake have been at least partially offset by the degree to which Pfizer CEO Albert Bourla noted in a very good CNBC interview (<https://cnb.cx/3n0M87w>) this morning that the timing of today's announcement meant it was obviously not at all political.

It was purely on the science, which Pfizer (among others) had always noted meant that any announcement was not likely prior to the US election, but possibly right after it. That should be reassuring to folks who feared political pressure would mean a less than fully tested vaccine would be approved.

Yet there is also another aspect which is even much more encouraging than the sheer 90% efficacy of the current vaccine, where the two dose process provides that protection only 28 days after the initial dose is administered. That is the rapid adaptability of the vaccine.

It is also a wonder of modern science (discussed but not included in the CNBC interview clip) that "Messenger RNA" (mRNA) vaccines can be quickly recoded to address any mutations, or even applied to other diseases at some point in the future. The current vaccine development follows a couple of decades of research in this area, and is the first mass mRNA vaccine attempt. Anyone wanting more information on this effort might want to consult the recent JAMA article (<https://bit.ly/3lcZugE>), which explores many of the important details.

In any event, this flexibility is very important in discounting any future COVID-19 developments, like possible mutation of the current virus or the outbreak of a future variant. The durability of any immunity provided by the vaccine is another issue that will only become clear across time,

Yet the idea that any future coronavirus outbreak can be quickly addressed by the ability to provide broad immunity after only a brief period (versus what we all have just been through) is likely another aspect driving the 'risk on' optimism. We can all only hope.

Another Courtesy Repeat of Wednesday's Quick Take
[To be updated along with all charts after Monday's US Close]

The FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE pushing out of the broad higher range top in the 3,030-2,970 area in early June was the key to it surging to the 3,200 area. That was the next meaningful higher resistance with a 3,230 Tolerance at which it failed previously on the rally (as is clear on the weekly chart <https://bit.ly/3iOJRKD> updated through Friday, October 30.) Yet it also pushed above that out of late July.

This opened the door to a retest of the February's 3,397.50 front month future all-time high. And after such a major rally back from the February-March debacle, it was hard to imagine the old February all-time high could prevent the FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE from at least taking a look above 3,397.50; and that transpired on the late August push above it into the low 3,500 area prior to the major early September trend reversal.

Aside from the sheer magnitude of the selloff in the first week of September, it was important as a technical pattern top. With such a significant rally above the previous week's 3,504.50 Close, the drop well below it established a major DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR) with a 3,510 Tolerance. Along with the 3,540 topping line, that is now key resistance after a recent sizable recovery from lower support.

The next significant support after it traded below the February 3,397.50 previous all-time high looked like the 3,230-00 range we had previous highlighted as rally resistance into early June. On the recent attempt to stabilize at no worse than the 3,300 area, the market exhibited a couple of less than credible pattern bottoms with key failures in the 3,400 area (see our September 18th research note for a full discussion and Evolutionary Trend View fully annotated chart analysis.)

Yet it held that 3,230-00 area once again. And recently surging back above the 3,400-30 area leaves a burden of proof on the bears to get the market to fail back below that area. In the meantime, whether the DECEMBER S&P 500 FUTURE can post serial weekly Closes above first 3,505-10 and ultimately the 3,550 area will decide if it is indeed again 'Risk On' Forever. After violating the key 3,380 Tolerance of the 3,400 area (now including weekly MA-9 & MA-13) it also traded below 3,280.

That was important as the Tolerance of the interim 3,330-00 range. Yet it held brief tests of the far more major 3,230-00 area heavy congestion support, and then had an impressive rebound back above 3,300-30 once again on election day. Now also trading above the 3,400-30 area is confirmation of our estimation the US election would be a win-win for US equities. The next area to watch is the early September 3,505 DOWN Closing Price Reversal, with additional resistance into the mid 3,500 area of the major weekly topping line and ultimate weekly Oscillator levels.

Evolutionary Trend View

Moving on now to a critical market assessment in the wake of the US EQUITIES pushing further above the 3,200-30 range and their previous February FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE 3,397.50 all-time high in early September. Even though the rally to new all-time highs was significantly reversed (see above), they held that 3,200-30 range on the reaction and are back up above the 3,400 area once again on a renewed 'risk on' psychology. Whether that continues will be an influence on the other asset classes as well, even if distorted by what could easily be split US election results (more below.)

The **MARCH T-NOTE FUTURE** surging into a new all-time high into mid-March (i.e. shortly prior to its expiration) above the 134-00/-08 summer 2016 previous high was understandable (weekly chart through Friday <https://bit.ly/34Rmfke>.) As we had based our future expectation on its historic weekly Oscillator activity likely extending its rally at least into the 135-16/136-00 area (MA-41 plus 06-00/-16), violated in early March.

Sustained activity above that zone pointed to the next Oscillator resistance into the 138-00/-16 area (MA-41 plus 08-00/-16) it was already testing back then into its parabolic extension to the weekly Oscillator resistance in the 139-16/140-00 area (MA-41 plus 09-16/10-00) into mid-March prior to its sharp setback.

In fact, the sharp selloff later that week created a DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR) back below the 138-00 area (Tolerance the previous week's 138-16 high.) That is now resistance which has been repeatedly tested on the initial push above it and again in recent recoveries.

140-08/-24 area was next Oscillator resistance this side of the mid-March 140-24 all-time high (and trading high of that recent DOWN CPR.) Even though the JUNE T-NOTE FUTURE had been under pressure back below that 138-00/-16 area into early April, it more recently pushed back above it despite US EQUITIES strength. This reinforces the NEGATION of that mid-March 138-00/-16 DOWN CPR, which still indicates higher ground to come despite the recent stall into the upper 139-00 area.

The next resistance is at near-term congestion in the 139-00 area it had churned above prior to repeated mild selloffs back in May to test the 138-00/-16 area. And that didn't last very long before the recent next push back above the 139-00 area. Beyond that next resistance is the 140-24 mid-March all-time trading high.

Even though the early June drop back below the 138-00/-16 area left the door open to a test of the overrun mid-2012 previous 135-16/-00 area all-time high, subsequent less upbeat economic indications from the OECD, Fed and the IMF had it rebound back above the 139-00 area.

In the wake of its mid-June recovery, the SEPTEMBER T-NOTE FUTURE was above the key 138-16/-00 range as lower support again, with it recently pushing back above the 139-00 area and finally also above 139-24 recent heavy congestion.

The FRONT MONTH T-NOTE FUTURE has slipped back below previously violated 139-20/-24 heavy congestion from the previous four months. However, the NEGATED DOWN Closing Price Reversal top from early March was in the 138-16/-00 range not revisited in recent trading. While the key weekly Moving Averages are still in the mid 139-00 area, only a failure back below that 138-16/-00 range would reinstate any aggressive downside momentum.

139-20/-24 heavy congestion is reinstated as the next key higher resistance once again. While the SEPTEMBER T-NOTE FUTURE was right back up in that area prior to expiration, the DECEMBER T-NOTE FUTURE at an 8/32nds discount. As such, there was upside ground it needed to make up, and had done so on the rally up to the 139-20/-24 area prior to the recently renewed pressure on the US EQUITIES 'risk on' revival.

Even though it had dropped down from that higher resistance, it has only been down into the important previous mid-March 138-00/-16 DOWN CPR that remains critical. While the recent rally from only nominal pressure indicated that GLOBAL GOVVIES were defying any 'risk on' US EQUITIES sentiment by maintaining their bid, the latest selloff on the early US election calculus left them down into the low end of that 138-16/-00 range once again. However, the Democratic 'Blue Wave' failing to achieve control of the US Senate seems to have tempered fears of more major US government profligacy that has seen them now rebound.

Similarly, the previous strong sister **BUND FUTURE** had seen the MARCH CONTRACT rally back to fully test and exceed its 177.00-.50 resistance from last summer (weekly chart updated through Friday <https://bit.ly/34PITT9>.) Much above that next resistance was not until 178.50 congestion from back then it hit prior to the June contract expiration, with a DOWN CPR at 179.20 (Tolerance at 179.67 all-time high.)

Yet there was a twist here on the typical very early expiration of the MARCH CONTRACT that Friday with the JUNE BUND FUTURE trading almost 3.00 lower. Once the JUNE BUND FUTURE became front month in March it also dropped below the next lower 173.25-.00 support, and even back below the previously staunch 170.50-.00 NEGATED early November DOWN Break support that had been tested extensively over the winter.

It was a clear sign of how concerned the BUND was about the necessary fresh fiscal largesse necessary to counter the heavy European COVID-19 impact. Next lower support was not until back in the major 168.58-.00 area from during the summer 2016 previous all-time high congestion that it held on the sharp selloff into mid-March prior to the bounce back above the 170.50-.00 area.

The extended weak economic psychology had boosted it back up into the important 173.00-.50 range once again in mid-June prior to renewed weakness. As such, the JUNE BUND FUTURE back above the 173.00-.50 range then dropped back slightly below the more major 170.50-.00 congestion next lower support shortly prior to its expiration.

The early June 'risk-on' psychology had seen JUNE BUND FUTURE drop slightly below the low 170.50-.00 area again. Even with the 3.00 SEPTEMBER BUND FUTURE premium, it was also a bit below the 173.50-.00 area on its early June weekly Close.

Yet the less than encouraging economic data and outlook from both the OECD and the Fed earlier in June saw it surge back above the 173.50-.00 area to retest the low end of 173.00-.50 resistance again. Continued concerns even saw it ramp up into and above 175.00-.50 area that it has maintained as support on all recent selloffs, reinforced by more recent IMF indications.

The next resistance was in the 177.00-.50 area it neared on recent rallies, and temporarily traded above in late July. Yet it fell back below the key 177.00-.50 congestion (which it never managed to post a weekly Close above its early August rally extension.)

Yet the lower key area it had been above for the previous two months is the low end of the 175.50-.00 range, which was the key lower support with a Tolerance to the heavy interim 174.50 area congestion. Yet that was not secure into the SEPTEMBER BUND FUTURE expiration, as the typically large differential of second month pricing was to the downside. As the DECEMBER BUND FUTURE was trading at almost a 3.00 discount to the September contract into expiration, the DECEMBER BUND as the FRONT MONTH below 175.00 saw a further selloff.

Yet while that would point to another likely retest of the 170.50-.00 support with minor interim congestion in the 172.50 area, we had already noted quite a bit would likely depend on the overall path of the US EQUITIES. And the BUND had responded well to the previous US EQUITIES weakness, with the DECEMBER BUND FUTURE inclined to push up for another rally near the 175.00-.50 area in that context prior to coming back under pressure.

Yet it was also nowhere near lower interim 172.50 congestion, leaving the US EQUITIES decision seemingly less of a key driver for the influence here on the expectation of more negative COVID-19 news that will restrain any economic data strength. In fact, its bid had once again carried it up above the 175.00-.50 congestion, as GLOBAL GOVVIES seemed to be defying any 'risk on' US EQUITIES sentiment by maintaining their bid.

Yet it failed short of the 177.00-.50 range resistance, possibly on the previous US election psychology. While that left it retesting the low end of that 175.00-.50 congestion critical support in the near term, it had been sharply reversed on the prominent COVID-19 resurgence.

Even though anticipation of the Democratic 'Blue Wave' saw more pressure on fears of more major US government profligacy, that effort failing to achieve control of the US Senate seems to have tempered the weakness as they rebound once again from 175.00-.50 congestion.

As far the MARCH **GILT FUTURE** was concerned, also at new all-time highs like the T-NOTE saw it overrun the September 2019 135.26 weekly DOWN Closing Price Reversal (Tolerance to 135.87) back in early March. That also overran some historic weekly Oscillator resistance at 137.00-.50 (MA-41 plus 4.00-.50.)

This left the next weekly Oscillator resistance at 139.00-.50 (MA-41 plus 6.00-.50) it had already tested and overran temporarily in early March. And much like the T-NOTE, its selloff into mid-March left a DOWN CPR from the previous week's 139.00 area Close.

The Tolerance of that DOWN CPR is right there as well due to that Close being at the high of the week. Not only did the MARCH GILT FUTURE fall back down into the 137.00 area, but the full point discount in the JUNE GILT FUTURE left it back below the 135.26 violated weekly DOWN Closing Price Reversal support.

That also saw the JUNE GILT FUTURE below the 130.00-.50 FRONT MONTH GILT FUTURE support into next historic low-128.00 congestion it hit temporarily on its sharp mid-March dislocation prior to the major rebound above the mid-low 135.00 area which held as support back into early April.

The weaker May economic expectations had boosted it back above 137.00 area congestion that had held on recent tests, with 139.00 area above that restraining the recent rally prior to the dip back into the 138.00 area. Even though back below the 137.00 area into early June (like weakness elsewhere), the recent 'macro' perspectives from the OECD, Fed and the IMF had seen it push back above it and 138.00 toward the 139.00 area into mid-June,

Yet the concern over BoE expanded QE led it back down from there. However, even the 0.85 discounted SEPTEMBER GILT FUTURE rallied from below the 137.00 area into the June 26th June contract expiration, and held it on previous recent setbacks in the face of the US EQUITIES renewed 'risk on' influence, also pushing back up above the 138.00 area that it fell below two weeks ago.

Next support in the 136.00 area was recently violated along with the 135.84 weekly MA-41 it has squeezed back above in recent trading. While next support would have been down in the 135.00-134.50 area, it had squeezed above the 137.00 area again (with the 138.00 and more important 139.00 areas above) prior to the recent return of weakness back below it.

While the September contract remains FRONT MONTH until the 28th, it is important to note that the DECEMBER GILT FUTURE at a classical almost full point discount to the FRONT MONTH FUTURE had still pushed up toward the 137.00 area again of late prior to the recent selloff back below the 136.00 area. That left it into the interim 135.00 area support (including the late August 135.26 temporary selloff low) this side of the next support in the 133.00 area.

Yet at present it is pushing up from the 135.00 area once again, as GLOBAL GOVVIES seem to be defying any 'risk on' US EQUITIES sentiment by maintaining their bid. The recent rally extension back above the 136.00 area left the 137.00 area the next level again prior to slipping back below 136.00 again of late toward 135.00 area again.

Much like other GLOBAL GOVVIES, that may have been on the previous US election psychology favoring the ostensibly more profligate Democrats that had overshadowed the prominent COVID-19 resurgence. However, the Democratic 'Blue Wave' failing to achieve control of the US Senate seems to have tempered fears of more major US government profligacy, which has now seen them now rebound.

In **FOREIGN EXCHANGE** the **DEVELOPED CURRENCIES** had also seen massive shifts in the Spring prior to quieting down once again. As noted previous, even though the **US DOLLAR INDEX** had a 'haven' bid into mid-February, it then came under extensive pressure against the other **DEVELOPED CURRENCIES** (including an atypical depression of the other major 'haven' currency **JAPANESE YEN**.)

The problems in the US COVID-19 response had left it under sustained pressure. Yet the concerns about how poorly the other countries might fare under the extended COVID-19 impact had seen a partial 'haven' bid return to the greenback until the recent **US DOLLAR INDEX** stall on its push back above the key 94.00-.25 area. While this was previously likely also at least partially tied to the **US EQUITIES** renewed 'risk on' psychology, there is also the degree to which the US has a more troubling COVID-19 pandemic problem that the rest of much of the world and the sustained Democratic election poll lead foments fiscal concerns.

While the volatility in this area was also historically extreme prior to spring stabilization, previous **US DOLLAR INDEX** weakness was not a surprise with COVID-19 is spreading in the previously 'safe' United States. Yet that was reversed on worse impacts elsewhere leading to a wild rally to 103.00 prior to settling back into the 99.00 area.

Firmer US economic data had assisted the **US DOLLAR INDEX** over last summer in finally fully overrunning the mid-upper 97.00 resistance. That inspired the push above the April-May 98.37 area trading highs early last August prior to lapsing back into near-term weakness.

Next levels were the interim 99.00 area, yet with the more prominent area not until the 99.50-100.00 'big penny' historic congestion. After weakening in the end of February it failed back below 98.37-.00 (also important weekly MAs in the upper 97.00 area) on its way to also cracking the 96.50-.00 well-established congestion range support held at the end of last year.

With the previous COVID-19 flight to US safety reversed, it was retesting the longer-term congestion in the 96.00-95.84 area (12-month trading low.) Much below that was the interim congestion into the recently tested 95.00 area it held into mid-March, with the more major 94.00-93.70 area below.

Yet the previous return of more pointed concerns elsewhere had seen it surge back above the 98.37-.00 area, and even above previously tested (February high) 99.50-100.00 and interim 101.30 into the mid-March retest of the more significant 102.00-.25 (late-2016/early-2017) congestion. Yet it then settled back temporarily below 100.00-99.50.

Even though there was a late-March retest of 98.37-.00, it had been back up retesting 100.00-99.50 and slightly higher levels after a late April retest of the 99.00 interim congestion area it has now slipped below once again along with the 98.00 area on its early June selloff.

As noted previous, there was some interim congestion in the 97.00 area, yet with the next major congestion in the 96.00 area it failed below in early July. That was reinforced by a weekly UP Closing Price Reversal from back during the wild early-March selloff and recovery. Next lower support was the 95.00 area congestion with a Tolerance to the 94.65 early March trading low.

It is likely that concerns over the US COVID-19 problems left it below that key March 94.65 trading low. While there was lower key support nearby as the 94.00-93.71 2-year trading low, that was also violated in August (as seen in the weekly chart updated through Friday <https://bit.ly/3ej56mS>.) There was also the downside Acceleration out of the bottom of the aggressive DOWN Channel since the 102.99 sharp mid-March rally high.

While it was very reasonable to ask whether the US DOLLAR INDEX might be 'oversold' in the near-term, any full channel escape below 93.50 level in the direction of the trend (Acceleration) out a channel can overrun short-term indications. While there was interim support below as nearby as 92.50-.24 (26-month trading low) that had held on a couple of tests, its previous inability to sustain activity back above the low 94.00 area top of the recently violated congestion had seen it drop below 92.50 again prior to a previous the late week recovery.

That said, DOWN Acceleration had been reversed on the push above the 94.25 Tolerance of the 94.00 area resistance, also the area of weekly MA-13. That left the door open for a test of at least the 94.65-95.00 next resistance and higher resistances into the 96.00 area and higher prior to the current slippage back below 94.00.

The next lower important interim support is not until the 92.50-.24 area (including the early September UP CPR), with the more major supports not until down in the 91.00-90.50 area and 89.00 area (with due respect for the 90.00 'big penny' only being psychological at this time.)

Which made the recent rallies back up to the 94.30 area critical on the consideration of whether the US EQUITIES 'risk on' rally shakes off recent weakness. However, recently it seemed the Democratic Party poll leads into the election was creating some uncertainty as well on fiscal grounds that saw it retest the top end of that 92.50-.24 range. However, that was sharply reversed on the prominent COVID-19 resurgence.

Yet on Tuesday we noted... "*...weakness of the US Dollar Index (dropping back from the key low-94.00 area*", that also reversed markedly once the 'Blue Wave' became suspect Tuesday evening, with a rally back to almost exactly to 94.30. However, the subsequent understanding that a deadlocked US government may not be good for any necessary reforms brought the greenback under pressure. That may also be on prospects for some form of stimulus/relief being more likely on compromise, even if not the major spend Democrats desire.

European currencies had been under pressure again versus the US DOLLAR. **EUR/USD** was under pressure previous early this year due to its still weak economy, the initial response to the COVID-19 spread there took it to 33-month lows below last October's 1.0878 trading low prior to the subsequent sharp recovery. The EURO was then strengthening very much against the temporarily weak US DOLLAR due to previous 'greenback avoidance'.

The US DOLLAR losing its haven bid had seen EUR/USD surge back above 1.0800 and even the more prominent 1.1000 area as well as the heavy 1.1250-00 area. That was the next lower support, yet with the greenback surging once again it was readily violated.

It then failed back below it as well as the interim 1.1100 area and even the more prominent 1.1000-1.0950 area. It was also back below last October's 1.0878 trading low once again. It also weakened below the more prominent historic and recent congestion in the 1.0800 area with a buffer to the weekly chart gap higher from a mid-April 2017 1.0722 weekly Close it weakened below prior to a recent recovery above the 1.1000 area.

Since early April it had seen serial swings between the 1.0800 and 1.1000 areas with it now pushing above the higher end of that range and even the higher 1.1200-50 resistance. Next higher interim resistance is in the 1.1400 area it recently tested and stalled, yet with the major historic congestion resistance not until the 1.1500 area and EUR/USD now weakening back to 1.1200 again on the reinstated 'risk off' psychology.

Of course, the EURO also seemed to be benefitting from the German agreement to participate in that major pan-European COVID-19 relief fund. At €750 billion it far outstrips any individual country rescue package to date. This is the sort of thing they had previously resisted for years, along with the thought of any deficit spending fiscal stimulus.

Yet as noted previous, the recent spending pact concerns of Chancellor Merkel are likely part of recent pressure on the EURO. Yet just as EUR/USD had strengthened from 1.1200 area again on US DOLLAR weakness, it also tested and held there on recent resurgent COVID-19 concerns. However, the degree to which those are more prominent in the US has EUR/USD back up above 1.1400 area and now even the more prominent 1.1500 area.

It also pushed above the 18-month 1.1570 high in late July. The next interim resistance was at the 1.1815 September 2018 high it recently pushed somewhat above prior to slipping back below it again after churning heavily around it in recent trading. Lower interim support reverts to 1.1700 area recent trading lows, which is also the key weekly MA-13 trend indication at present.

While the recent failure below that pointed to a test of at least the 1.1500 area with more major 1.1400 below, the current sustained recovery back into the 1.1700 area is reinstating it as a key consideration once. Next resistance remains the 1.1815 September 2018 high and the more major 1.2000-1.2100 range last tested into early September.

GBP/USD had already held up much better against the US DOLLAR than other DEVELOPED CURRENCIES in the wake of the Brexit vote finally confirming its exit from the EU. While failing from 1.3500 again in December as well as back below the interim 1.3200 congestion, it only worked its way gradually into the historically important 1.3000-1.2800 range.

Even on the late February US DOLLAR surge, GBP/USD only dropped to a Close near the bottom of that range. However, the BoE leading the emergency rate cut efforts spooked the POUND bulls, leaving it back below 1.2800. Since then it Closed below 1.2500-1.2450 in late-April and even the interim 1.2200 area and previous major 1.2000-1.1960 September 2019 3.5 year low.

It was recently even below the October 2016 post-Brexit political crisis 1.1711 35-year trading low prior to the current rebound above it near the 1.2500-1.2450. While it sounds like a long way down, due to the nature of the aggressive 1984-1985 selloff and recovery, next support is not until the 1.1000 area.

Yet even that is also relatively minor congestion from that 1984-1985 swing down into and recovery from the 1.0345 February 1985 all-time low. Thankfully it had rebounded back above the 1.2200 area, even if only stalling back into the 1.2500-1.2450 area.

That was previous despite the mid-April very temporary blip above it. Recent strength above that area had created a new interim resistance at the recent 1.2650 area highs, yet with it weakening again on the BoE expanded accommodation decision. Even as it previously strengthened above 1.2500 again, next interim resistance above the 1.2650 area was as nearby as the 1.2700-50 range, with the more prominent resistance still into that broad range of the 1.2800-1.3000 area.

While weakening closer to 1.2200 on the early Summer resurgent COVID-19 concerns, those being more prominent in the US had it back up above the 1.2500-1.2450 area since early July. And it was recently trading above the major 1.2800-1.3000 range. Yet it had slipped well back into it on the concerns about Johnson government assertions it might choose to exit the European Union without a full Brexit agreement in place by the early part of 2021.

And as it was also below it again on the UK COVID-19 pandemic infection rate surge and renewed restrictions, the potential for a selloff to the lower supports like 1.2500 and below is a distinct possibility if it should weaken below 1.3000-1.2800 again after its recent rally back into that range on US DOLLAR weakness.

While recently back into it again on UK and European COVID-19 concerns, the current secular US DOLLAR weakness is assisting a push above 1.3000 toward the interim 1.3200 congestion once again even as it has weakened back below 1.3000 of late. The 1.2800 low end of the range therefore became more important once again as well, and holding has left back up to the 1.3000 area.

And despite the previous US-China rapprochement on the Phase I trade and tariffs agreement not encouraging much **AUD/USD** strength, it is recovering now on the heavier diminished East Asian COVID-19 impact. That is only as expected, yet it is still from well below the .7000 area held in early-May of last year.

Minor squeezes temporarily back above the .7000 area were only a prelude to slipping more definitively below it last July. Next lower major support was the .6825 area early-2016 10-year trading lows it also slipped below around the same time.

That is important after it slipped below next interim support at .6690-77 in early February on COVID-19 driven weak Chinese economic concerns. The .6500 area was the next support it slipped below along with violating the .6250 area next support. That was the last interim congestion this side of the now also violated .6000 area October 2008 17-year trading low.

The 'good' news here was that there is somewhat substantial 1998-2003 congestions at .5720, even if it washed out below temporarily in mid-March (trading low .5510) prior to the recovery back above the .6000 area it is holding back above at present and even exceeding that .6250 area violated support.

Recently trading only somewhat above the .6500 area after previous slippage below it, the current rally has extended well above it and the hefty .6690-77 congestion. That left the next congestion resistance into the .7000-50 range it is most interesting it only challenged in the wake of strength in the other DEVELOPED CURRENCIES, and had recently slipped back from much nearer the .6800 area.

This is possibly the fallout from the continued confrontation between China and US (and clearly allies like Australia) as well as the resurgent COVID-19 infections in China even as it has pushed above the .6800 area again and now the .7000 area once again as well.

Next higher congestion reverts back that .7200 area heavy historic resistance it had recently traded below once again. It is now squeezing back up toward it after dropping toward another test of the .7000 area that was seen as recently as late September. Recent strength was likely on the comparative strength in the Chinese economic performance as well as US DOLLAR concerns, yet with recent global COVID-19 economic concerns weighing it down back near .7000 once again. That held, and current US DOLLAR secular weakness have seen it surge back above .7200 once again.

USD/JPY was the prima facie example of the extreme mid-February 'haven' bid in the US DOLLAR, as the typical fellow 'haven' currency YEN came under heavy pressure on the USD/JPY surge above 110.00 for the first time since May 2019, leading to an immediate rally to the prominent 112.00-.50 area into the end of that week.

Yet here as well, once the US DOLLAR came under pressure on its loss of 'haven' status due to the COVID-19 spread in the previously safe US, at the end of February it 'crashed' back below the 110.00 area to Close into 108.00 again.

Yet that did not hold since early March began on weakness that carried below the interim 106.00 area and once again below the very prominent 105.00-104.50 range (39-month trading low with major tests in March 2018, January 2018 and August 2019.)

Next lower congestion was not until the interim 102.50 area that USD/JPY traded below recently prior to and recovering back above the low 105.00 area as well as 108.00 and recently even the 110.00 area once again prior to the current weakness.

The higher resistances remain in the 112.00-.50 and 114.00-.50 areas. Yet after sagging back below the 108.00 area also left it weakening below 106.00, it has been weak once again below that level since early June. Below 106.00 that it was previously churning back above leaves next lower support reverts back to the historic 105.00-104.50 area it has slipped back into again.

That is after trading below it both in late July and again in mid-September, and after it was also temporarily massively violated back in March. Should that be more fully violated again, while there is interim support into 102.50, the next major support is not until the 100.00-99.07 including the major June 2016 6.5 year low.

And **EMERGING CURRENCIES** that had been under pressure had been recovering to some degree in February prior to coming back under pressure. While stronger over the Summer, they were back under pressure on the 'macro' view deteriorating into the COVID-19 'risk off' once again until the recent 'risk on' revival on better data abetted by the secular US DOLLAR weakness, except the beleaguered TURKISH LIRA.

The **SA RAND** has seen **USD/ZAR** overrun 15.40-.50 and even the 15.69 September 2018 high prior to pulling back previous. Even though it sagged all the way to 15.20 in early March, it was back above 15.40-.50 and the 15.69 resistance a week later.

Then it surged above the 16.00 and 16.30 next higher congestion resistances all the way into violating the 16.95 resistance in mid-March. The weak economic outlook caused it to exceed the major January 2016 17.94 all-time high it set back markedly from in the wake of the US rescue package. The recent improved sentiment on US EQUITIES had it back below that Oscillator threshold area into the middle of April.

Yet it then surged well above them, setting up a potential RAND failure after the sharp early April USD/ZAR 19.00 DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR) with a Tolerance to the 19.08 high of the previous week. After vigorously testing that resistance in late-April, it is even more critical going forward. There is also the 19.33 all-time high of that DOWN CPR week. It is also of note that the previous sharp slide of USD/ZAR from that 19.00 area only sagged to the very top of the near-term 18.00-17.80 recent congestion support prior to getting the bid back.

As such, the near-term aggressive up trend was not in any way threatened. There was also the previous sharp upsurge in the wake of US EQUITIES previous near-term slide, yet with USD/ZAR finally dropping well back below the 18.00-17.80 area into mid-May after it had previously tested it and held.

This is a further sign of how much central bank and government supports have encouraged a more upbeat outlook, whether that proves to be the case across time. The recent drop below the 17.75 weekly MA-13 left the next short-term congestion support back into the 17.55-.50 range it had recently also slipped below, along with more prominent historic congestion into 17.15-16.90 range from the USD/ZAR early 2016 spike higher.

While recently below that as well, it is of note that it barely reached the next historic interim congestion in the 16.30 area in late July prior to the next rebound (i.e. not nearing heavier support in the 16.00 and 15.70-.60 areas.) It was important to watch how it did after recently crossing back above that prominent historic 17.15-16.90 congestion and failing back below it.

That left the lower interim support into 16.50 (including weekly MA-41) it had slipped back below prior to the recent US DOLLAR recovery. That left the next lower supports into the heavy congestion in the 16.30 area it had slipped below again of late, with the next lower congestion into the 16.00 area it neared in mid-September and from which it has recently recovered back above 16.30 on the more prominent COVID-19 'risk off' psychology. Yet secular US DOLLAR weakness has left it below 16.00, with heavier support into the 15.70 and 15.50-.40 areas.

The RUSSIAN RUBLE had seen **USD/RUB** push above 66.50-67.00 on weak Crude Oil as well (economic weakness driven) prior to dropping back on short-term EQUITIES and CRUDE OIL recovery. Back out above it last week left the bigger resistance not until 69.00-70.00 it began this week pushing sharply above.

And historically there is not much resistance again until the 75.00 area (early 2016 congestion) which it tested into early March prior to pulling back nearer to the interim 71.00 area. Yet here as well the return of economic stresses had seen it rally back up above 75.00 of late on the previous hope for the global economy and (at long last) some reasonably significant Crude Oil improvement on the Russo-Saudi pumping truce.

That said, after recent USD/RUB strength again back above the 75.00 area, it has recently slipped somewhat below it on the Crude Oil stabilization and rally. Next interim support was previous congestion and recent trading lows into the 73.00-72.70 area it had previously violated prior to the recent recovery.

The more major support was still into the 71.00-70.00 area it had recently dropped below along with the next interim congestion into the 68.00 area. Now back above that key lower area left 71.00-70.00 the key higher area it was finally pushing above again after stalling near it on the previous recent rallies.

That has led to a recovery back above 73.00-72.70 area it has nominally exceeded once again, with next resistance reverting to the 75.00 area it has fully recovered above of late (including 75.80) likely on the weaker CRUDE OIL activity.

More major higher resistance was up in the 77.00 area it has also violated of late, with not much above until 80.00 area it stalled into recently prior to the sharp drop slightly back below 77.00. And while failing temporarily on the recent churn back into that range, the resurgent COVID-19 impact on Russia along with weak energy prices had seen it push above 80.00 once again, with next resistance into 81.30 it never quite reached prior to sagging back below 80.00.

Even the previously more resilient MEXICAN PESO saw **USD/MXN** surge above the 20.25 resistance in early March leading to an explosive rally. Here as well PESO weakness continued on the COVID-19 North American impact, with next resistances at 20.50 and 20.65 sharply overrun into mid-March on the way to also violating the 20.96 June 2018 high (also congestion) on the way to surging above the 22.03 January 2017 all-time high as well.

And the return of the economic stresses and weak Crude Oil prices had seen it surge to a new 24.62 all-time high out of mid-March, which had been exceeded on the US rescue package worries leading to another new 25.44 all-time high in late March prior to setting back around the mid-low 23.00 area. That left a weekly DOWN CPR from 24.40 (Tolerance 24.62) as new near-term resistance, yet which was NEGATED on last week's push higher (and Closing above it.)

There was also another round of USD/MXN weakening from the early April 25.76 new all-time high. That left yet another weekly DOWN CPR from 24.96 (Tolerance 25.04) the critical elevated near-term topping signal key resistance after it pushed above that mid-24.00 area. Much like USD/ZAR stalling from its 19.00 retest, USD/MXN falling back from the 25.00 area critical resistance below the low-24.00 area was a positive PESO sign. Lower support was the recent congestion in the low 23.00 area it neared in early April and had violated by a big margin.

And the recent return of a 'risk on' psychology had it slipping to and even temporarily below the recent 22.30 lower interim congestion since early last month, which it was violating for a test of the 22.00 more prominent lower support area (old January 2017 major high) which remains the key lower threshold it has slipped below at present.

And on current weakness the 22.30 area is reinstated as resistance, with the higher level into the 22.60 area once again even as it has failed below the 22.00 area once again. Below that was the June 21.50 area UP Closing Price Reversal as the next interim support it has also failed below, on the way to retesting the top end of the 21.00-20.60 area it has now slipped into again. Much below that broad berth the next support is not until the 20.25 area, including an important 20.30-.10 weekly chart gap from on the way up in March of this year. However, the COVID-19 influence that saw it back up toward 21.50 has fizzled on a drop back below 21.00, with 20.60 as the next support.

The TURKISH LIRA had been relatively steady through all of the EMERGING CURRENCY turmoil elsewhere. Yet it has been under pressure since **USD/TRY** held key 5.50-5.45 support and pushed back above 5.65-.60 range along with last July's 5.7871 high from after the central bank governor dismissal. Key resistance at 5.90-5.93 was also exceeded again in January.

USD/TRY even strengthened above the 6.00 area that seemed to point to a retest of interim 6.15 area that was also exceeded on the way to a test of the May 2019 crisis 6.25 area 17-month trading high. Compared to the weakness of other EMERGING CURRENCIES this previously left the LIRA a bastion of stability.

Yet above the 6.25 area since mid-March left the door open to a test of the higher September 2018 6.45-6.55 congestion it had exceeded again prior to the temporary subsequent setback into that area later on in March. Since mid-April it has rallied above extended higher resistances at 6.72 and 6.83. That left the 7.10 area previous 2018 crisis all-time high it has now exceeded.

The push above the 7.00 area reinforced the EMERGING CURRENCIES global economic concerns, with the current rally back above its 7.10 area important historic August 2018 previous all-time high and May 2020 congestion has led to the current new 7.2945 all-time high this morning. This is consistent with concerns about how the previous relatively better LIRA performance was driven by government intervention which could not be indefinitely sustained.

Based on the weekly topping line (across the August 2018 and May 2020 highs), there was some weekly topping line resistance into the 7.30 area that was also reinforced by historic weekly Oscillator resistance from 2018 (MA-41 plus 0.8655.)

As that Oscillator moved up to the 7.60 area of late. It is already well above it with the next extended weekly Oscillator threshold is 7.90-7.95 this week based on recent activity, and finishing last week above it sets a more accelerated rally in motion. As we have noted for several weeks, the risk to the LIRA is that the extreme mid-2018 Oscillator thresholds are not until the 8.65-8.70 area this week, rising to 8.70-.75 next week.

As such, the key weekly Oscillator threshold was very critical for USD/TRY in the context of the previous several week's 7.95 area trading highs, with last week's push above them signaling a renewed UP 'runaway' phase. The LIRA weakness continuing even as the other EMERGING CURRENCIES benefit from US DOLLAR weakness reinforces the secular nature of that LIRA weakness that is therefore more likely to continue.

Reports & Events (updated for the current week)

While still obviously less relevant (as we have been noting for some time and is most glaringly apparent again at present) on the standard report releases in the midst of more major global trade and political cross currents, the Weekly Report & Event Calendar (accessible for Sterling and higher level subscribers) is available via the www.rohr-blog.com sidebar.

As we have been noting for some time in our research notes, regularly scheduled releases are obviously less relevant in the face of the COVID-19 'macro' factors. That said, there were still some very important economic releases and central bank influences once again this week.

While we are now ostensibly past the US election decision, there might still be some surprises as well as some still unsettled races. The surprises could come from the Trump administration legal challenges to the final vote counts in some key states, with the other unsettled races leaving the very important balance of power in the Senate in flux all the way into early January. Even beyond all of that, it is a very intense economic reporting and central bank influence week.

Monday kicks off with important economic releases and the next monthly OECD Composite Leading Indicators. Tuesday continues important data like UK Employment and various sentiment indicators. Wednesday sees the early RBNZ interest rate decision and press conference with lighter influences elsewhere due to various holidays in observance of the November 11th end of World War I. But then Thursday is a monster day.

That sees not only major data releases, but also the culmination of the Wednesday-Thursday ECB Forum on Central Banking that includes a morning (US time) virtual policy panel with moderator Q&A between ECB's Lagarde, BoE's Bailey and the Fed's Powell. It culminates on Friday with quite a bit more European influence into US PPI and Michigan Sentiment.

And the vagaries of COVID-19 along with extended US election volatility remain. As such, you will not be surprised that we obviously maintain our recent classic advice that has been fully vindicated again over the past couple of weeks: Keep those seat belts firmly fastened.

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