



RESEARCH NOTE

Wednesday, September 30, 2020

Tie Goes to the Challenger, Quick Take, Calendar

That would normally seem a big assumption. Yet under current US Presidential debate interpretation, it is the reasonable inference. That is due to challenger ex-Vice President Joe Biden being relatively well ahead in the opinion polls.

Tuesday evening was President Trump's opportunity to upset the current election calculus prior to the November 3rd US general election. And he failed to do so.

This is important in the context of what was by all assessments a very fractious and fragmented debate due to serial interruptions by each candidate; more so Trump, yet also Biden getting drawn into the melee over the strenuous efforts of moderator Chris Wallace, who is considered a strong, neutral 'real newsperson'.

As always, we are also neutral, and should not be seen as a political statement in any way on our part. We are merely attempting to convey the political and electoral landscape for your interest, and especially the *realpolitik* surrounding the US election.

While the Trump and Biden camps had each agreed to a two minute exposition by their opposite number without interruption, nobody really expected Donald Trump to abide by that; and he didn't disappoint. Or maybe he did, as many Republican operatives were hoping Trump would finally be more 'presidential', and were very disappointed. See the Reuters article (<https://reut.rs/33fmXqY>) for much more.

The best assessment we heard was that Trump was thinking of Biden's missteps in the early Democratic primary debates when he was challenged in some cases. His strategy was to 'rattle' the VP with interruptions and attacks. Yet when that didn't work, his becoming more aggressive only left many viewers feeling they disliked the President's style.

Which is not news: it has been the case for many folks since voting for him in 2016 despite the economic growth success. When even major Trump ally ex-New Jersey Governor Chris Christie noted that Trump's approach was "a bit hot", know that many (but certainly not all) on the Republican side felt it was more than a bit over the top.

The general impression is the acrimony from both sides left the viewers turned off. Yet that did not help Trump in his goal of changing an electoral calculus where Biden leads at present.

And now for a BRIEF US ELECTION PRIMER and consideration of why President Trump is spreading seemingly unsubstantiated aspersions on mail-in voting so far ahead of the November 3rd general election. This is because it became apparent shortly after COVID-19 quarantines and suppression protocols that his Republican base would go along with his dismissive attitude toward the pandemic; and the Democratic Party supporters were far more supportive of masks and social distancing.

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This extends to their voting preferences, including the split between in-person and mail-in voting. In a rough almost perfect symmetry, the split is 65% to 35% for in-person on the Republican side, with almost the exact opposite on the Democratic side. As such, Trump's derision of mail-in voting as subject to very massive fraud works toward GOP attempts to disqualify many Democratic votes.

This is in direct opposition to all the actual data on mail-in voting, with some Republican legislators also asking Trump to stop disparaging it due to it being a major conduit for many rural Republican voters (which still strongly support GOP 'down ballot' candidates.) According to a June Washington Post article, an authoritative voting analysis organization *"...identified just 372 possible cases of double voting or voting on behalf of deceased people out of about 14.6 million votes cast by mail in the 2016 and 2018 general elections, or 0.0025 percent."*

And that is by 'percent', which amounts to only 2.5 votes per 100,000 votes cast. This was reinforced by FBI Director Wray in his official Congressional testimony last Thursday, *"Now, we have not seen, historically, any kind of coordinated national voter fraud effort in a major election, whether it's by mail or otherwise."*

So along with some other misinformation flowing from Trump and his acolytes, why is this so important to his reelection effort? Because they want to create a basis for challenging the votes tallied after the end of the November 3rd election day, where in-person voting is likely to show Trump with a heavy lead in the race.

The master of litigious business actions (both fighting those leveled against him and attacking others) is perfectly willing to throw a US general election he may be losing into the courts. However, even there, how does that effectively secure a victory?

One word: DELAY! The idea the lower courts will be willing to back the major GOP legal effort (and they have hired an army of lawyers for this effort) to disqualify local state residents' votes is a reach. Yet, it is not only possible but likely the Trump team will appeal all of those rulings to higher federal appellate courts. Any loss there will likely be appealed to the US Supreme Court...all of which takes time.

Even if all of the appellate courts and Supreme Court reject all of the many Trump campaign lawyers' motions to disqualify mail-in votes, there are two magic dates for which Trump and his supporters are shooting: the December 14th Electoral College vote, and the January 6th formal Congressional Electoral Vote Count. Please refer to the Congressional Research Service article (<https://bit.ly/3fHzoA>) on the Electoral College process in the 2020 election for the full details.

Should no winner emerge from either of those dates, the decision goes to the House of Representatives. That may seem a real blessing for the Democrats, who have a majority of members, and are likely to retain that in the general election.

But wait!! Even though they have a majority of members, the House decision on the presidential election is not decided by a majority vote. Each state delegation is provided a single vote, and the Republicans control 26 states in that regard versus 22 for the Democrats. Consider the convoluted analysis in this excellent recent article in SLATE (<https://bit.ly/2GrVbyc>) on the potential machinations.

For those of our readers who consider this far-fetched, and have not necessarily been tuned into the minutiae of the US election campaign, in fact President Trump has already referred to this potential in so many words on the possibility of an election result delay. In a recent press conference he had noted that if it goes to the House then he wins, based on that calculation the Republican's 26 state delegations will vote to declare him the winner of the contest.

Will Trump and the Republicans actually be able to stretch out a 'non-decision' that far into the future? It will depend on how quickly the lawyers for the Democrats (and they have also hired an army of them to counteract the likely GOP efforts) can accelerate any court timetables to bring any of the voting challenges to a quick resolution, knowing that any decisions will likely be appealed to the next level.

So, welcome to the not-so-wonderful wacky world of US politics in the 2020 general election. For more on just how crazy a tied Electoral College vote for presidential and even vice-president can get, see this extensive short Tie Breaker video (<https://youtu.be/sHEDXzOfENI>) covering even more contingencies than might occur this year from Taegan Goddard's Electoral Vote Map site. He also offers a very good electoral vote map (<https://electoralvotemap.com/>), which illustrates Trump's need to change the election calculus sometime soon.

Yet it is the case that none of this disruptive electoral influence has impacted the markets at all. US EQUITIES are maintaining a near-term 'risk on' psychology in the wake of constructive vaccine news (see Tuesday's 'Risk On' Revival into US Presidential Debate(??)' research note for more on the other key influences.) That is still only partially back up to the more prominent recent failure levels. Yet it now seems a more so the case that this is having a negative impact on the GLOBAL GOVVIES, and assisting the other CURRENCIES against the US DOLLAR.

And after that less than 'market critical' exploration of US election contingencies, tomorrow we will be back to assessing more relevant macro-technical aspects that are becoming more critical as we enter the important month of October.

Courtesy Repeat of Tuesday's Quick Take

The FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE pushing out of the broad higher range top in the 3,030-2,970 area in early June was the key to it surging to the 3,200 area. That was next meaningful higher resistance with a 3,230 Tolerance at which it failed previously on the rally (as is clear on the weekly chart <https://bit.ly/2GiNQB1> updated through Friday.) Yet it also pushed above that out of late July.

This opened the door to a retest of the February's 3,397.50 front month future all-time high. And after such a major rally back from the February-March debacle, it was hard to imagine the old February all-time high could prevent the FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE from at least taking a look above 3,397.50; and that then transpired on the late August push above it into the low 3,500 area.

Aside from the sheer magnitude of the selloff in the first week of September, it was important for establishment of a technical pattern top. With such a significant rally above the previous week's 3,504.50 Close, the drop well below it that week was a major DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR). Along with the topping line, that is now the key higher resistance on any sizable recovery from lower support.

The next significant support after it traded below the February 3,397.50 previous all-time high looks like the 3,230-00 range we had previous highlighted as rally resistance into early June. On the recent attempt to stabilize at no worse than the 3,300 area, the market exhibited a couple of less than credible pattern bottoms with key failures in the 3,400 area (see our September 18th research note for a full discussion and Evolutionary Trend View fully annotated chart analysis.)

The latest of those saw a lackluster 3,400 area UP Break early Tuesday September 15th that failed in the wake of key macro factors. That suggested a previous 3,295 trading low of the selloff would be violated, as occurred late two weeks ago into lower ground.

Follow-through after that Friday's temporary trading below 3,295 has seen the downtrend extend all the way to multiple tests of the 3,230-00 range last week, with a Tolerance to 3,185. Near-term resistance in the low-3,300 area has now been exceeded, with the more prominent resistance up in the 3,400 area (February high and recent failures), and support reinforced in the 3,230-00 area.

***Courtesy Repeat of WEEKEND Evolutionary Trend View
[To be updated Thursday after the US Weekly Claims]***

Moving on now to a critical market assessment in the wake of the US EQUITIES pushing further above the 3,200-30 range and recently their old February FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE 3,397.50 all-time high. Yet now that the recent rally has been reversed, it is also of note that because the previous rally had not bothered GLOBAL GOVVIES as significantly as some might have expected, it leaves them in a position to push higher if the US equities continue to weaken.

While EMERGING CURENCIES were sustaining strong rebounds until late July, that was in part likely due to the extent of the COVID-19 impact on the US preventing the US DOLLAR from attracting the typical crisis 'haven' bid. While recently it seemed the US EQUITIES strength was generating a bit more 'risk on' psychology, and the EMERGING CURRENCIES (outside of the vexed TURKISH LIRA) were taking advantage of that. It will now be more interesting once again after they have reversed some of their recent gains.

The **MARCH T-NOTE FUTURE** surging into a new all-time high into mid-March (i.e. shortly prior to its expiration) above the 134-00/-08 summer 2016 previous high was understandable (weekly chart through Friday <https://bit.ly/345UXoD>.) As we had based our future expectation on its historic weekly Oscillator activity likely extending its rally at least into the 135-16/136-00 area (MA-41 plus 06-00/-16), violated in early March.

Sustained activity above that zone pointed to the next Oscillator resistance into the 138-00/-16 area (MA-41 plus 08-00/-16) it was already testing back then into its parabolic extension to the weekly Oscillator resistance in the 139-16/140-00 area (MA-41 plus 09-16/10-00) into mid-March prior to its sharp setback.

In fact, the sharp selloff later that week created a DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR) back below the 138-00 area (Tolerance the previous week's 138-16 high.) That is now resistance which has been repeatedly tested on the initial push above it and again in recent recoveries. 140-08/-24 area was next Oscillator resistance this side of the mid-March 140-24 all-time high (and trading high of that recent DOWN CPR.)

Even though the JUNE T-NOTE FUTURE had been under pressure back below that 138-00/-16 area into early April, it is currently pushing back above it despite US EQUITIES strength. This reinforces the NEGATION of that mid-March 138-00/-16 DOWN CPR, which should still indicate higher ground to come despite the recent stall into the upper 139-00 area.

The next resistance is at near-term congestion in the 139-00 area it had churned above prior to repeated mild selloffs back in May to test the 138-00/-16 area. And that didn't last very long before the recent next push back above the 139-00 area. Beyond that next resistance is the 140-24 mid-March all-time trading high.

Even though the early June drop back below the 138-00/-16 area left the door open to a test of the overrun mid-2012 previous 135-16/-00 area all-time high, the recent less upbeat economic indications from the OECD, Fed and the IMF had seen it rebound back above the 139-00 area.

In the wake of its mid-June recovery, the SEPTEMBER T-NOTE FUTURE was above the key 138-16/-00 range as lower support again, with it recently pushing back above the 139-00 area and finally also above 139-24 recent heavy congestion.

In the case of the FRONT MONTH T-NOTE FUTURE (September until Friday), it has slipped back below previously violated 139-20/-24 heavy congestion from the previous four months. However, the NEGATED DOWN Closing Price Reversal top from early March was in the 138-16/-00 range. While the key weekly Moving Averages are still in the mid 139-00 area, only a failure back below 138-00 would reinstate any aggressive downside momentum.

139-20/-24 heavy congestion is reinstated as the next key higher resistance once again. While the SEPTEMBER T-NOTE FUTURE is right back up in that area, it expired last Friday with the DECEMBER T-NOTE FUTURE at an 8/32nds discount. As such, there was upside ground it needed to make up, and it has done so on the rally up to the 139-20/-24 area. We suspect the future path of US EQUITIES will have more than a passing influence on the govies now.

Similarly, the previous strong sister **BUND FUTURE** had seen the MARCH CONTRACT rally back to fully test and exceed its 177.00-.50 resistance from last summer (weekly chart updated through Friday <https://bit.ly/334zPjA>.) Much above that next resistance was not until 178.50 congestion from back then it hit prior to the June contract expiration, with a DOWN CPR at 179.20 (Tolerance at 179.67 all-time high.)

Yet there was a twist here on the typical very early expiration of the MARCH CONTRACT that Friday with the JUNE BUND FUTURE trading almost 3.00 lower. Once the JUNE BUND FUTURE became front month in March it also dropped below the next lower 173.25-.00 support, and even back below the previously staunch 170.50-.00 NEGATED early November DOWN Break support that had been tested extensively over the winter.

It was a clear sign of how concerned the BUND was about the necessary fresh fiscal largesse necessary to counter the heavy European COVID-19 impact. Next lower support was not until back in the major 168.58-.00 area from during the summer 2016 previous all-time high congestion that it held on the sharp selloff into mid-March prior to the bounce back above the 170.50-.00 area.

The extended weak economic psychology had boosted it back up into the important 173.00-.50 range once again in mid-June prior to renewed weakness. As such, the JUNE BUND FUTURE back above the 173.00-.50 range then dropped back slightly below the more major 170.50-.00 congestion next lower support shortly prior to its expiration.

The early June 'risk-on' psychology had seen JUNE BUND FUTURE drop slightly below the low 170.50-.00 area again. Even with the 3.00 SEPTEMBER BUND FUTURE premium, it was also just a bit below the 173.50-.00 area on its weekly Close in early June.

Yet the less than encouraging economic data and outlook from both the OECD and the Fed earlier in June saw it surge back above the 173.50-.00 area to retest the low end of 173.00-.50 resistance again. Continued concerns even saw it ramp up into and above 175.00-.50 area that it has maintained as support on all recent selloffs, reinforced by more recent IMF indications.

The next resistance was in the 177.00-.50 area it neared on recent rallies, and temporarily traded above in late July. Yet it fell back below the key 177.00-.50 congestion (which it never managed to post a weekly Close above its early August rally extension.) Yet the lower key area it has been above for the full past two months is the low end of 175.50-.00 range, which remains the key lower support with a Tolerance to the heavy interim 174.50 area congestion.

Yet that is in no way secure into next Tuesday's SEPTEMBER BUND FUTURE expiration, as the typically large differential of second month pricing is to the downside this month. As the DECEMBER BUND FUTURE was trading at almost a 3.00 discount to the September contract into Tuesday's expiration, the DECEMBER BUND as the FRONT MONTH below 175.00 looks at risk of a further selloff.

Yet while that would point to another likely retest of the 170.50-.00 support with minor interim congestion in the 172.50 area, we had already noted quite a bit would likely depend on the overall path of the US EQUITIES. And the BUND has responded well to the US EQUITIES weakness, with the DECEMBER BUND FUTURE having been inclined to push up for another rally near the 175.00-.50 area in that context.

As far the MARCH **GILT FUTURE** was concerned, also at new all-time highs like the T-NOTE saw it overrun the September 2019 135.26 weekly DOWN Closing Price Reversal (Tolerance to 135.87) back in early March. That also overran some historic weekly Oscillator resistance at 137.00-.50 (MA-41 plus 4.00-.50.)

This left the next weekly Oscillator resistance at 139.00-.50 (MA-41 plus 6.00-.50) it had already tested and overran temporarily in early March. And much like the T-NOTE, its selloff into mid-March left a DOWN CPR from the previous week's 139.00 area Close.

The Tolerance of that DOWN CPR is right there as well due to that Close being at the high of the week. Not only did the MARCH GILT FUTURE fall back down into the 137.00 area, but the full point discount in the JUNE GILT FUTURE left it back below the 135.26 violated weekly DOWN Closing Price Reversal support.

That also saw the JUNE GILT FUTURE below the 130.00-.50 FRONT MONTH GILT FUTURE support into next historic low-128.00 congestion it hit temporarily on its sharp mid-March dislocation prior to the major rebound above the mid-low 135.00 area which held as support back into early April.

The weaker May economic expectations had boosted it back above 137.00 area congestion that had held on recent tests, with 139.00 area above that restraining the recent rally prior to the dip back into the 138.00 area. Even though back below the 137.00 area into early June (like weakness elsewhere), the recent 'macro' perspectives from the OECD, Fed and the IMF had seen it push back above it and 138.00 toward the 139.00 area into mid-June,

Yet the concern over BoE expanded QE led it back down from there. However, even the 0.85 discounted SEPTEMBER GILT FUTURE rallied from below the 137.00 area into the June 26th June contract expiration, and held it on previous recent setbacks in the face of the US EQUITIES renewed 'risk on' influence, also pushing back up above the 138.00 area that it fell below two weeks ago.

Next support in the 136.00 area was recently violated along with the 135.84 weekly MA-41 it has squeezed back above in recent trading. While next support would have been down in the 135.00-134.50 area, it had squeezed above the 137.00 area again (with the 138.00 and more important 139.00 areas above) prior to the recent return of weakness back below it.

While the September contract remains FRONT MONTH until the 28th, it is important to note that the DECEMBER GILT FUTURE at a classical almost full point discount to the FRONT MONTH FUTURE has still pushed up toward the 137.00 area again of late.

In **FOREIGN EXCHANGE** the **DEVELOPED CURRENCIES** had also seen massive shifts in the Spring prior to quieting down once again. As noted previous, even though the **US DOLLAR INDEX** had a 'haven' bid into mid-February, it then came under extensive pressure against the other **DEVELOPED CURRENCIES** (including an atypical depression of the other major 'haven' currency **JAPANESE YEN**.)

Yet the concerns about how poorly the other countries might fare under the extended COVID-19 impact had seen a partial 'haven' bid return to the greenback until the recent **US DOLLAR INDEX** stall around the 100.00 area and dropping once again into and then even below the 98.00 area that led to the past few months overall selloff.

While the volatility in this area was also historically extreme prior to spring stabilization, previous **US DOLLAR INDEX** weakness was not a surprise with COVID-19 is spreading in the previously 'safe' United States. Yet that was reversed on worse impacts elsewhere leading to a wild rally to 103.00 prior to settling back into the 99.00 area.

Firmer US economic data had assisted the **US DOLLAR INDEX** over last summer in finally fully overrunning the mid-upper 97.00 resistance. That inspired the push above the April-May 98.37 area trading highs early last August prior to lapsing back into near-term weakness. Next levels were the interim 99.00 area, yet with the more prominent area not until the 99.50-100.00 'big penny' historic congestion.

After weakening in the end of February it failed back below 98.37-.00 (also important cluster of weekly MAs in the upper 97.00 area) on its way to also cracking the 96.50-.00 well-established congestion range support held at the end of last year. With the previous COVID-19 flight to US safety reversed, it was retesting the longer-term congestion in the 96.00-95.84 area (12-month trading low.) Much below that was the interim congestion into the recently tested 95.00 area it held into mid-March, with the more major 94.00-93.70 area below.

Yet the previous return of more pointed concerns elsewhere had seen it surge back above the 98.37-.00 area, and even above previously tested (February high) 99.50-100.00 and interim 101.30 into the mid-March retest of the more significant 102.00-.25 (late-2016/early-2017) congestion. Yet it then settled back temporarily below 100.00-99.50.

Even though there was a late-March retest of 98.37-.00, it had been back up retesting 100.00-99.50 and slightly higher levels after a late April retest of the 99.00 interim congestion area it has now slipped below once again along with the 98.00 area on its early June selloff.

As noted previous, there was some interim congestion in the 97.00 area, yet with the next major congestion in the 96.00 area it failed below in early July. That was reinforced by a weekly UP Closing Price Reversal from back during the wild early-March selloff and recovery. Next lower support was the 95.00 area congestion with a Tolerance to the 94.65 early March trading low.

It is likely that concerns over the US COVID-19 problems left it below that key March 94.65 trading low. While there was lower key support nearby as the 94.00-93.71 2-year trading low, that was also violated in August (as seen in the weekly chart updated through Friday <https://bit.ly/3kQLecB>.) There was also the downside Acceleration out of the bottom of the aggressive DOWN Channel since the 102.99 sharp mid-March rally high.

While it was very reasonable to ask whether the US DOLLAR INDEX might be 'oversold' in the near-term, any full channel escape below 93.50 level in the direction of the trend (Acceleration) out a channel can overrun short-term indications. While there was interim support below as nearby as 92.50-.24 (26-month trading low) that had held on a couple of tests, its previous inability to sustain activity back above the low 94.00 area top of the recently violated congestion had seen it drop below 92.50 again prior to a previous the late week recovery.

That said, DOWN Acceleration has now been reversed on the push above the 94.25 Tolerance of the 94.00 area resistance, also the area of weekly MA-13. It leaves the door open for a test of at least the 94.65-95.00 next resistance and higher resistances into the 96.00 area and higher.

European currencies had been under pressure again versus the US DOLLAR. **EUR/USD** was under pressure previous early this year due to its still weak economy, the initial response to the COVID-19 spread there took it to 33-month lows below last October's 1.0878 trading low prior to the subsequent sharp recovery. The EURO was then strengthening very much against the temporarily weak US DOLLAR due to previous 'greenback avoidance'.

The US DOLLAR losing its haven bid had seen EUR/USD surge back above 1.0800 and even the more prominent 1.1000 area as well as the heavy 1.1250-00 area. That was the next lower support, yet with the greenback surging once again it was readily violated.

It then failed back below it as well as the interim 1.1100 area and even the more prominent 1.1000-1.0950 area. It was also back below last October's 1.0878 trading low once again. It also weakened below the more prominent historic and recent congestion in the 1.0800 area with a buffer to the weekly chart gap higher from a mid-April 2017 1.0722 weekly Close it weakened below prior to a recent recovery above the 1.1000 area.

Since early April it has seen serial swings between the 1.0800 and 1.1000 areas with it now pushing above the higher end of that range and even the higher 1.1200-50 resistance. Next higher interim resistance is in the 1.1400 area it recently tested and stalled, yet with the major historic congestion resistance not until the 1.1500 area and EUR/USD now weakening back to 1.1200 again on the reinstated 'risk off' psychology.

Of course, the also EURO seemed to be benefitting from the German agreement to participate in that major pan-European COVID-19 relief fund. At €750 billion it far outstrips any individual country rescue package to date. This is the sort of thing they had previously resisted for years, along with the thought of any deficit spending fiscal stimulus.

Yet as noted previous, the recent spending pact concerns of Chancellor Merkel are likely part of recent pressure on the EURO. Yet just as EUR/USD had strengthened from 1.1200 area again on US DOLLAR weakness, it also tested and held there on recent resurgent COVID-19 concerns. However, the degree to which those are more prominent in the US has EUR/USD back up above 1.1400 area and now even the more prominent 1.1500 area.

It also pushed above the 18-month 1.1570 high in late July. The next interim resistance was at the 1.1815 September 2018 high it recently pushed somewhat above prior to slipping back below it again after churning heavily around it in recent trading.

Lower interim support reverts to 1.1700 area recent trading lows, which is also the key weekly MA-13 trend indication at present. The failure below that points to a test of at least the 1.1500 area with more major 1.1400 below.

GBP/USD had already held up much better against the US DOLLAR than other DEVELOPED CURRENCIES in the wake of the Brexit vote finally confirming its exit from the EU. While failing from 1.3500 again in December as well as back below the interim 1.3200 congestion, it only worked its way gradually into the historically important 1.3000-1.2800 range. Even on the late February US DOLLAR surge, GBP/USD only dropped to a Close near the bottom of that range.

However, the BoE leading the emergency rate cut efforts spooked the POUND bulls, leaving it back below 1.2800. Since then it Closed below 1.2500-1.2450 in late-April and even the interim 1.2200 area and previous major 1.2000-1.1960 September 2019 3.5 year low.

It was recently even below the October 2016 post-Brexit political crisis 1.1711 35-year trading low prior to the current rebound above it near the 1.2500-1.2450. While it sounds like a long way down, due to the nature of the aggressive 1984-1985 selloff and recovery, next support is not until the 1.1000 area.

Yet even that is also relatively minor congestion from that 1984-1985 swing down into and recovery from the 1.0345 February 1985 all-time low. Thankfully it had rebounded back above the 1.2200 area, even if only stalling back into the 1.2500-1.2450 area previous despite the mid-April very temporary blip above it.

Recent strength above that area had created a new interim resistance at the recent 1.2650 area highs, yet with it weakening again on the BoE expanded accommodation decision. Even as it recently strengthened above 1.2500 again, next interim resistance above the 1.2650 area is as nearby as the 1.2700-50 range, with the more prominent resistance still into that broad range of the 1.2800-1.3000 area.

While weakening closer to 1.2200 on the early Summer resurgent COVID-19 concerns, those being more prominent in the US had it back up above the 1.2500-1.2450 area since early July. And it was recently trading above the major 1.2800-1.3000 range.

Yet it had slipped well back into it on the recent concerns about Johnson government assertions it might choose to exit the European Union without a full Brexit agreement in place by the early part of 2021. And as it is also now below it again on the UK COVID-19 pandemic infection rate surge and renewed restrictions, the potential for a selloff to the lower supports like 1.2500 and below is a distinct possibility.

And despite the previous US-China rapprochement on the Phase I trade and tariffs agreement not encouraging much **AUD/USD** strength, it is recovering now on the heavier diminished East Asian COVID-19 impact. That is only as expected, yet it is still from well below the .7000 area held in early-May of last year.

Minor squeezes temporarily back above the .7000 area were only a prelude to slipping more definitively below it last July. Next lower major support was the .6825 area early-2016 10-year trading lows it also slipped below around the same time.

That is important after it slipped below next interim support at .6690-77 in early February on COVID-19 driven weak Chinese economic concerns. The .6500 area was the next support it slipped below along with violating the .6250 area next support. That was the last interim congestion this side of the now also violated .6000 area October 2008 17-year trading low.

The 'good' news here was that there is somewhat substantial 1998-2003 congestions at .5720, even if it washed out below temporarily in mid-March (trading low .5510) prior to the recovery back above the .6000 area it is holding back above at present and even exceeding that .6250 area violated support.

Recently trading only somewhat above the .6500 area after previous slippage below it, the current rally has extended well above it and the hefty .6690-77 congestion. That left the next congestion resistance into the .7000-50 range it is most interesting it only challenged in the wake of strength in the other DEVELOPED CURRENCIES, and had recently slipped back from much nearer the .6800 area.

This is possibly the fallout from the continued confrontation between China and US (and clearly allies like Australia) as well as the resurgent COVID-19 infections in China even as it has pushed above the .6800 area again now the .7000 area once again as well.

Next higher congestion reverts back that .7200 area heavy historic resistance it had pushed above of late, yet is now slipping below it. That opens the door to a rest of the .7000 area it is experiencing at present, with the .6800 areas the next lower support once again.

USD/JPY was the prima facie example of the extreme mid-February 'haven' bid in the US DOLLAR, as the typical fellow 'haven' currency YEN came under heavy pressure on the USD/JPY surge above 110.00 for the first time since May 2019, leading to an immediate rally to the prominent 112.00-.50 area into the end of that week.

Yet here as well, once the US DOLLAR came under pressure on its loss of 'haven' status due to the COVID-19 spread in the previously safe US, at the end of February it 'crashed' back below the 110.00 area to Close into 108.00 again.

Yet that did not hold since early March began on weakness that carried below the interim 106.00 area and once again below the very prominent 105.00-104.50 range (39-month trading low with major tests in March 2018, January 2018 and August 2019.)

Next lower congestion was not until the interim 102.50 area that USD/JPY traded below recently prior to and recovering back above the low 105.00 area as well as 108.00 and recently even the 110.00 area once again prior to the current weakness. Higher resistances remain in the 112.00-.50 and 114.00-.50 areas even if it sagged back below the 108.00 area of late toward 106.00 prior to the previous recovery back above the key historic and recent 108.00 congestion area.

Yet it is back below it once again despite the recent nominal return of a 'risk on' psychology to US EQUITIES, likely due to COVID-19 secular weakness of the US DOLLAR left it back below 106.00 that it was back up churning around. Yet despite the current US DOLLAR recovery, it is back below that area, possibly on the YEN 'haven' attraction as the COVID-19 situation becomes more telling once again.

Next lower support reverts back to the historic 105.00-104.50 area it is trading back near at present, even if it was temporarily violated back in March. Should that be violated, while there is interim support into 102.50, the next major support is not until the 100.00-99.07 including the major June 2016 6.5 year low.

And **EMERGING CURRENCIES** that had been under pressure had been recovering to some degree in February prior to coming back under pressure. While stronger over the Summer, they are back under pressure now on the 'macro' view deteriorating into 'risk off' once again.

The **SA RAND** has seen **USD/ZAR** overrun 15.40-.50 and even the 15.69 September 2018 high prior to pulling back previous. Even though it sagged all the way to 15.20 in early March, it was back above 15.40-.50 and the 15.69 resistance a week later.

Then it surged above the 16.00 and 16.30 next higher congestion resistances all the way into violating the 16.95 resistance in mid-March. The weak economic outlook caused it to exceed the major January 2016 17.94 all-time high it set back markedly from in the wake of the US rescue package. The recent improved sentiment on US EQUITIES had it back below that Oscillator threshold area into the middle of April.

Yet it then surged well above them, setting up a potential RAND failure after the sharp early April USD/ZAR 19.00 DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR) with a Tolerance to the 19.08 high of the previous week. After vigorously testing that resistance in late-April, it is even more critical going forward.

There is also the 19.33 all-time high of that DOWN CPR week. It is also of note that the previous sharp slide of USD/ZAR from that 19.00 area only sagged to the very top of the near-term 18.00-17.80 recent congestion support prior to getting the bid back. As such, the near-term aggressive up trend was not in any way threatened. There was also the recent sharp upsurge in the wake of US EQUITIES previous near-term slide, yet with USD/ZAR finally dropping well back below the 18.00-17.80 area into mid-May after it had previously tested it and held.

This is a further sign of how much central bank and government supports have encouraged a more upbeat outlook, whether that proves to be the case across time. The recent drop below the 17.75 weekly MA-13 left the next short-term congestion support back into the 17.55-.50 range it had recently also slipped below, along with more prominent historic congestion into 17.15-16.90 range from the USD/ZAR early 2016 spike higher.

While recently below that as well, it is of note that it barely reached the next historic interim congestion in the 16.30 area in late July prior to the next rebound (i.e. not nearing heavier support in the 16.00 and 15.70-.60 areas.) It was important to watch how it did after recently crossing back above that prominent historic 17.15-16.90 congestion and failing back below it last week. That left the lower interim support into 16.50 (including weekly MA-41) it has slipped back below once again.

Recently trading below the more prominent 16.30 (including monthly MA-48) after holding previous tests looked very weak prior to the US EQUITIES selloff bringing back somewhat more of a near-term 'risk off' psychology. That has now taken full hold of the global macro psychology, with USD/ZAR back above 16.90 only stalling back into 17.15 again for now.

The RUSSIAN RUBLE had seen **USD/RUB** push above 66.50-67.00 on weak Crude Oil as well (economic weakness driven) prior to dropping back on short-term EQUITIES and CRUDE OIL recovery. Back out above it last week left the bigger resistance not until 69.00-70.00 it began this week pushing sharply above.

And historically there is not much resistance again until the 75.00 area (early 2016 congestion) which it tested into early March prior to pulling back nearer to the interim 71.00 area. Yet here as well the return of economic stresses had seen it rally back up above 75.00 of late on the previous hope for the global economy and (at long last) some reasonably significant Crude Oil improvement on the Russo-Saudi pumping truce.

That said, after recent USD/RUB strength again back above the 75.00 area, it has recently slipped somewhat below it on the Crude Oil stabilization and rally. Next interim support was previous congestion and recent trading lows into the 73.00-72.70 area it had previously violated prior to the recent recovery.

The more major support was still into the 71.00-70.00 area it had recently dropped below along with the next interim congestion into the 68.00 area. Now back above that key lower area left 71.00-70.00 the key higher area it was finally pushing above again after stalling near it on the previous recent rallies.

That has led to a recovery back above 73.00-72.70 area it has nominally exceeded once again, with next resistance reverting to the 75.00 area it has fully recovered above of late (including 75.80) likely on the weaker CRUDE OIL activity. More major higher resistance was up in the 77.00 area it has also violated of late, with not much above until 80.00.

Even the previously more resilient MEXICAN PESO saw **USD/MXN** surge above the 20.25 resistance in early March leading to an explosive rally. Here as well PESO weakness continued on the COVID-19 North American impact, with next resistances at 20.50 and 20.65 sharply overrun into mid-March on the way to also violating the 20.96 June 2018 high (also congestion) on the way to surging above the 22.03 January 2017 all-time high as well.

And the return of the economic stresses and weak Crude Oil prices had seen it surge to a new 24.62 all-time high out of mid-March, which had been exceeded on the US rescue package worries leading to another new 25.44 all-time high in late March prior to setting back around the mid-low 23.00 area. That left a weekly DOWN CPR from 24.40 (Tolerance 24.62) as new near-term resistance, yet which was NEGATED on last week's push higher (and Closing above it.)

There was also another round of USD/MXN weakening from the early April 25.76 new all-time high. That left yet another weekly DOWN CPR from 24.96 (Tolerance 25.04) the critical elevated near-term topping signal key resistance after it pushed above that mid-24.00 area.

Much like USD/ZAR stalling from its 19.00 retest, USD/MXN falling back from the 25.00 area critical resistance below the low-24.00 area was a positive PESO sign. Lower support was the recent congestion in the low 23.00 area it neared in early April and had violated by a big margin.

And the recent return of a 'risk on' psychology had it slipping to and even temporarily below the recent 22.30 lower interim congestion since early last month, which it was violating for a test of the 22.00 more prominent lower support area (old January 2017 major high) which remains the key lower threshold it has slipped below at present.

And on current weakness the 22.30 area is reinstated as resistance, with the higher level into the 22.60 area once again even as it recently failed below the 22.00 area once again. Below that was the June 21.50 area UP Closing Price Reversal as the next interim support it has failed, on the way to retesting the top end of the 21.00-20.60 area.

Much below that broad berth the next support is not until the 20.25 area, including an important 21.30-.10 weekly chart gap from on the way up in March of this year. That said, it is now fully back above the 21.50 area and weekly MA-41 in the 21.60 area to breach 22.00 once again. That leaves resistance into 22.30 it recently traded well above prior to swinging back into that area after a test of 22.60.

The TURKISH LIRA had been relatively steady through all of the EMERGING CURRENCY turmoil elsewhere. Yet it has been under pressure since **USD/TRY** held key 5.50-5.45 support and pushed back above 5.65-.60 range along with last July's 5.7871 high from after the central bank governor dismissal. Key resistance at 5.90-5.93 was also exceeded again in January.

USD/TRY even strengthened above the 6.00 area that seemed to point to a retest of interim 6.15 area that was also exceeded on the way to a test of the May 2019 crisis 6.25 area 17-month trading high. Compared to the weakness of other EMERGING CURRENCIES this previously left the LIRA a bastion of stability.

Yet above the 6.25 area since mid-March left the door open to a test of the higher September 2018 6.45-6.55 congestion it had exceeded again prior to the temporary subsequent setback into that area later on in March. Since mid-April it has rallied above extended higher resistances at 6.72 and 6.83. That left the 7.10 area previous 2018 crisis all-time high it has now exceeded.

Next lower support was into that old 6.72 area recently held and which it has now firmed well back above, and next support into that September 2018 6.45-6.55 congestion. It is of note that it had remained stuck only slightly above the 6.83 area for the previous month prior to recently pushing well back above it.

The push above the 7.00 area reinforced the EMERGING CURRENCIES global economic concerns, with the current rally back above its 7.10 area important historic August 2018 previous all-time high and May 2020 congestion has led to the current new 7.2945 all-time high this morning. This is consistent with concerns about how the previous relatively better LIRA performance was driven by government intervention which could not be indefinitely sustained.

Based on the weekly topping line (across the August 2018 and May 2020 highs), there was some weekly topping line resistance into the 7.30 area that was also reinforced by historic weekly Oscillator resistance from 2018 (MA-41 plus 0.8655.) While the Oscillator moves up to the 7.55 area this week it has now pushed above. The next extended weekly Oscillator threshold based on recent activity is the 7.75-7.80 area this week it had been up near last week prior to reacting back down (with both of those Oscillator thresholds still rising 0.05 per week.)

The risk to the LIRA is that the extreme mid-2018 Oscillator thresholds are not until the 8.45 area and higher this week. As such, the 7.75-7.80 area this week is very critical for any potential for the current USD/TRY rally to continue to remain contained in the near-term. Yet at present it has shown its contrarian nature once again as it strengthens on a USD/TRY drop back into the 7.65 area even as other EMERGING CURRENCIES deteriorate.

Reports & Events

While still obviously less relevant (as we have been noting for some time and is most glaringly apparent again at present) on the standard report releases in the midst of more major global trade and political cross currents, the Weekly Report & Event Calendar (accessible for Sterling and higher level subscribers) is available via the www.rohr-blog.com sidebar.

As we have been noting for some time in our research notes, regularly scheduled releases are obviously less relevant in the face of the COVID-19 'macro' factors. That said, there were still some very important economic releases and central bank influences once again this week.

While it is a somewhat lighter economic day on Monday, the rest of the week is loaded with cannon fire. Tuesday and Wednesday bring all of the classical late month data that includes global inflation numbers, many key sentiment indicators and the final revision of US Q2 GDP, even if that is not expected to show any real change. However, Tuesday is punctuated by that evening's first US Presidential debate into Wednesday morning's ADP Employment Change.

Of course, that's more important this time around due to the very much weaker estimates for Friday's US Employment Report Nonfarm Payrolls component. Please see the 'Weekend' research that was sent a little while ago for the macro-technical Evolutionary Trend View considerations on the critical nature of this week's economic releases and market reactions.

Rohr RESEARCH NOTE Wednesday, September 30, 2020

And due to the vagaries of the COVID-19 volatility now intensified into the coming week's macro psychology, we obviously maintain our recent classic advice that was fully vindicated again over the past few weeks: Keep those seat belts firmly fastened.

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