



RESEARCH NOTE

Thursday, May 28, 2020

Eviscerated Economies with Encouraged Equities, Quick Take, Calendar

The 'bifurcation' of the market psychology noted in our May 8th research note seems to be back on the US EQUITIES rally extension. They are presently pushing above key resistance even as there is a continued flow of dire data and indications. While we remain skeptical, for now we respect the market trend indication.

As the preeminent market theorist W.D. Gann said a long time ago (or at least an axiom attributed to him through inference from his works), "*Don't fight the tape.*" (For the unfamiliar, market quotes used to be reported out of a ticker tape.)

Impressive as the current US EQUITIES push above key resistance may be, for us the proof of any bigger trend signal is always in the weekly Close pudding. It is therefore critical to see how they Close tomorrow after much more late month data. There will also be a discussion with Fed Chair Jerome Powell moderated by previous Federal Open Market Committee member Alan Blinder at 11:00 EDT ...Watch Live at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4jr8PbAxem8>.

What we know after Wednesday's 'Irresistible vs. Immovable' research note revisiting the recent resilience of the US EQUITIES trend into significant higher resistance is this: At least for now, the 'irresistible force' of the US EQUITIES current resilient upside momentum (more below, especially in the video) is escaping above what should have been the 'immovable object' of that higher resistance 'confluence'.

This may be the most extensive 'bifurcation' of a market psychology we have ever seen in our long career. While the US EQUITIES rally above resistance must be respected, the news and even the outlook continue to weaken from already depressed levels.

The latest 'surface level' hit was today's US Weekly Jobless Claims that saw a rise of 2.123 million even as Continuing Claims dropped back a bit from massive levels. That was in the context of a more than expected minus 5.0% Q1 GDP drop.

Yet beyond the US that was after still very weak European indications today after Tuesday's OECD Q1 GDP 1.8% fall (<https://bit.ly/3goTShc> our marked-up version) with especial weakness in parts of Europe. That was followed by OECD G20 Q1 International Trade Statistics (<https://bit.ly/2TLZkRD> also marked-up), which is even more daunting in its way: It highlights how the Trump tariffs had already derailed a strong picture which is now much worse and looking to deteriorate.

Before that was Wednesday's Fed Beige Book (<https://bit.ly/3de1aCC>), with additional signs of further economic weakness to come. Early in the Cleveland Fed's section it notes that "*Half of contacts reported decreasing staff levels during the current period, compared with about 40 percent that did so in March.*" ...that's deterioration instead of improvement. And...

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“Furthermore, only one-third of contacts who reduced staff levels expect to rehire close to the full number of separated staff when their businesses reopen. This expectation suggests employment is unlikely to climb back to pre-pandemic levels quickly after businesses reopen.”

Of course, that’s not a “Stop the Presses’ for a rewrite” piece of news, as the continued social distancing and sanitation requirements during the reopenings in the US, Europe and elsewhere are going to limit various businesses’ capacity... and therefore staffing needs.

And it still seems this is going to impact the overall economic recovery in a way that will prevent the reinvigoration to the degree seen out of last Fall into the February highs. However, for now fiscal and central bank moves may be providing enough spending power to even the unemployed to keep hopes up, along with elevated expectations for an early vaccine.

Yet it is of note that outside of weak sister GERMAN BUND the GLOBAL GOVVIES are maintaining their bid despite the US EQUITIES rally extension. It is also the case that EMERGING CURRENCIES have curtailed their recent strong rebound, even if they are not weakening much again at present. Friday should be very interesting.

Market Quick Take

COVID-19 virus spread caused US EQUITIES intermediate-term bull psychology to ‘crack’. Front month S&P 500 future was already back below key congestion around the mid-2019 3,030-00 previous all-time high congestion. That was below support from the push above the multi-year topping line at 3,070 as well, and left a late-February intermediate-term up channel 2,970 DOWN Break.

The subsequent DOWN Break below the FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE 2,600 area major up channel seemed to indicate more of a near-term failure. That was from the early 2016 low (<https://bit.ly/36ukbxP> updated through Friday’s Close.) That was the recent key higher resistance it had violated on its push above its 2,675 trading high Tolerance from prior to the DOWN Break (including monthly MA-48.)

As such, it is reasonable the JUNE S&P 500 FUTURE will now treat the low 2,600 area (with a Tolerance to the mid-2,500 area) as support. This leaves front month S&P 500 future up into a broad higher range, with the top back into the 3,030-2,970 area. If it can maintain the push above that area, it might at least reach the 3,200 area.

The key levels along the way were previously violated support at 2,850 area and the 2,750 area, both of which had been exceeded. It held below the latter in late-April without ever nearing the 2,675 Negated Tolerance of the 2,600 area DOWN Break.

This left the open potential to retest that more prominent confluence of resistance factors in the 2,970-3,030 range despite the recent slippage. That resistance was further reinforced by the manner in which volatility had returned to the downside from late April into mid-May. This created a more highly focused Evolutionary Trend View (ETV) in the form of a near-term Head & Shoulders Top pattern... now Negated.

That pattern along with the other key low-mid 2,800 area technical indications ‘confluence’ is reviewed at length in our TrendVlew Video (<https://bit.ly/2XylbNn>) on FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE ‘long arc’ and shorter-term (04:00-06:40) developments. There is also comparison with a 2008 S&P 500 FUTURE recovery rally (07:10-11:30) with important implications for the current US equities decision.

Evolutionary Trend View

Moving on now to a critical market assessment in the wake of the US EQUITIES recovering back above the 2,600 channel DOWN Break from the early-2016 FRONT MONTH S&P 500 FUTURE 1,800 area lows (projected from (from the 2,313 late 2018 low.) GLOBAL GOVVIES strength into early March was temporarily significantly reversed on the prospect of the major global fiscal stimulus likely weighing on those markets as well. Yet the current US EQUITIES strength is not reinstating that pressure for the previous and current negative economic reasons that encourage the expectation there will also be little inflation anytime soon.

The **MARCH T-NOTE FUTURE** surging into a new all-time high into mid-March (i.e. shortly prior to its expiration) above the 134-00/-08 summer 2016 previous high was understandable (weekly chart through Friday's Close <https://bit.ly/2yAn5Vq>.)

As we had based our future expectation on its historic weekly Oscillator activity likely extending its rally at least into the 135-16/136-00 area (MA-41 plus 06-00/-16), which was violated in early March. Sustained activity above that zone pointed to the next Oscillator resistance into the 138-00/-16 area (MA-41 plus 08-00/-16) it was already testing back then into its parabolic extension to the weekly Oscillator resistance in the 139-16/140-00 area (MA-41 plus 09-16/10-00) into mid-March prior to its sharp setback.

In fact, the sharp selloff later that week created a DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR) back below the 138-00 area (Tolerance the previous week's 138-16 high.) That is now resistance which has been repeatedly tested on the initial push above it and again in recent recoveries. 140-08/-24 area was next Oscillator resistance this side of the mid-March 140-24 all-time high (and trading high of that recent DOWN CPR.)

Even though it had been under pressure back below that 138-00/-16 area into early April, it is currently pushing back above it despite US EQUITIES strength. This reinforces the NEGATION of that mid-March 138-00/-16 DOWN CPR, which should indicate higher ground to come.

The next resistance is at near-term congestion in the 139-00 area it has churned around for the past several weeks prior to recent repeated mild selloffs back to test the 138-00/-16 area. And that didn't last very long before the current next push back above the 139-00 area.

Beyond that next resistance is the 140-24 mid-March all-time trading high with important extended Oscillator resistance above that into the 142-08/-24 (MA-41 plus 09-16/10-00) above into next week.

Similarly, the previous strong sister **BUND FUTURE** had seen the MARCH CONTRACT rally back to fully test and exceed its 177.00-.50 resistance from last summer (weekly chart updated through Friday's Close <https://bit.ly/3c3CYRI>.)

Much above that next resistance was not until 178.50 congestion from back then it hit prior to a week ago Friday's expiration, with a DOWN CPR at 179.20 (Tolerance at 179.67 all-time high) above. Yet there was a twist here on the typical very early expiration of the MARCH CONTRACT that Friday with the JUNE BUND FUTURE trading almost 3.00 lower.

While there was a chance it would be back into or below the 175.60-.00 area, in the event the strength of the uptrend extension in the MARCH BUND FUTURE to test that mid-179.00 resistance left the JUNE BUND FUTURE trading above 175.60-.00. That implied instead of weakening, it was more likely to trend up into the 177.00-.50 resistance and above.

Yet once the JUNE BUND FUTURE became front month in March it also dropped below the next lower 173.25-.00 support, and even back below the previously staunch 170.50-.00 NEGATED early November DOWN Break support that had been tested extensively over the winter. It is a clear sign of how concerned the BUND is about the necessary fresh fiscal largesse necessary to counter the heavy European COVID-19 impact.

Next lower support was not until back in the major 168.58-.00 area from during the summer 2016 previous all-time high congestion that it held on the sharp selloff into mid-March prior to the bounce back above the 170.50-.00 area.

The extended weak economic psychology had recently boosted it back up into the important 173.00-.50 range once again prior to renewed weakness into mid-April. Yet the current disappointment with the lack of an ECB 'Euro-bond' announcement to fund the COVID-19 pandemic rescue effort first created weaker economic expectations, yet then raised concerns over the ECB BUND buying program.

As such, after first boosting the JUNE BUND FUTURE back above the 173.00-.50 range it dropped back into for further tests over the past few weeks. It had even weakened below it early this week, likely on further concerns over the recent German Constitutional Court ruling. Yet the continued weak data had even this recent weak sister squeezing back above the low end of 173.00-.50 until the bigger selloff this week. That is likely on concerns the new German and French pan-European COVID-19 relief proposal will be a drag on the BUND, with that more major 170.50-.00 congestion still the next lower support.

As far the MARCH **GILT FUTURE** was concerned, also at new all-time highs like the T-NOTE saw it overrun the September 2019 135.26 weekly DOWN Closing Price Reversal (Tolerance to 135.87) back in early March. That also overran some historic weekly Oscillator resistance at 137.00-.50 (MA-41 plus 4.00-.50.)

This left the next weekly Oscillator resistance at 139.00-.50 (MA-41 plus 6.00-.50) it had already tested and overran temporarily in early March. And much like the T-NOTE, its selloff into mid-March left a DOWN CPR from the previous week's 139.00 area Close.

The Tolerance of that DOWN CPR is right there as well due to that Close being at the high of the week. Not only did the MARCH GILT FUTURE fall back down into the 137.00 area, but the full point discount in the JUNE GILT FUTURE left it back below the 135.26 violated weekly DOWN Closing Price Reversal support.

That also saw the JUNE GILT FUTURE below the 130.00-.50 FRONT MONTH GILT FUTURE support into next historic low-128.00 congestion it hit temporarily on its sharp mid-March dislocation prior to the major rebound above the mid-low 135.00 area which held as support back into early April.

The recent weaker economic expectations have boosted it back above 137.00 area congestion that held again on recent tests, with 139.00 area above that restrained the recent rally prior to the dip back into the 138.00 area. The lower support remains in the mid-low 135.00 area.

In **FOREIGN EXCHANGE** the **DEVELOPED CURRENCIES** had also seen massive shifts over the past three months prior to quieting down once again. As noted previous, even though the **US DOLLAR INDEX** had a 'haven' bid as into mid-February, it then came under extensive pressure against the other **DEVELOPED CURRENCIES** (including the recent atypical depression of the other 'haven' **JAPANESE YEN**.)

Yet the recent concerns about how poorly the other countries might fare under the extended COVID-19 impact had seen a partial 'haven' bid return to the greenback until the recent US DOLLAR INDEX stalling around the 100.00 area and dropping once again toward 98.00.

While the volatility in this area was also historically extreme prior to current stabilization, previous **US DOLLAR INDEX** weakness was not a surprise with COVID-19 is spreading in the previously 'safe' United States. Yet that was reversed on worse impacts elsewhere leading to a wild rally to 103.00 prior to settling back into the 99.00 area.

Firmer US economic data had assisted the US DOLLAR INDEX last summer in finally fully overrunning the mid-upper 97.00 resistance. That inspired the push above the April-May 98.37 area trading highs early last August prior to lapsing back into near-term weakness. Next levels were the interim 99.00 area, yet with the more prominent area not until the 99.50-100.00 'big penny' historic congestion.

After weakening in the end of February it failed back below 98.37-.00 (also important cluster of weekly MAs in the upper 97.00 area) on its way to also cracking the 96.50-.00 well-established congestion range support held at the end of last year. With the previous COVID-19 flight to US safety reversed, it was retesting the longer-term congestion in the 96.00-95.84 area (12-month trading low.) Much below that is the interim congestion into the recently tested 95.00 area it held into mid-March, with the more major 94.00-93.70 area below.

Yet the recent return of more pointed concerns elsewhere had seen it surge back above the 98.37-.00 area, and even above previously tested (February high) 99.50-100.00 and interim 101.30 into the mid-March retest of the more significant 102.00-.25 (late-2016/early-2017) congestion. Yet it then settled back temporarily below 100.00-99.50. Even though there was a late-March retest of 98.37-.00, it had been back up retesting 100.00-99.50 and slightly higher levels after a late April retest of the 99.00 interim congestion area it has now sipped below once again on the current selloff.

European currencies had been under pressure again versus the US DOLLAR. **EUR/USD** was under pressure previous early this year due to its still weak economy, the initial response to the COVID-19 spread there took it to 33-month lows below last October's 1.0878 trading low prior to the subsequent sharp recovery.

The EURO was then strengthening very much against the temporarily weak US DOLLAR due to previous 'greenback avoidance'. The US DOLLAR losing its haven bid had seen EUR/USD surge back above 1.0800 and even the more prominent 1.1000 area as well as the heavy 1.1250-00 area. That was the next lower support, yet with the greenback surging once again it was readily violated.

It then failed back below it as well as the interim 1.1100 area and even the more prominent 1.1000-1.0950 area. It was also back below last October's 1.0878 trading low once again. It also weakened below the more prominent historic and recent congestion in the 1.0800 area with a buffer to the weekly chart gap higher from a mid-April 2017 1.0722 weekly Close it weakened below prior to a recent recovery to the 1.1000 area. Since early April it has seen serial swings between the 1.0800 and 1.1000 areas with it pushing above the higher area once again.

Yet if it should come back under pressure, that is just part of an entire broader range with interim congestion at 1.0500, a low end into the January 2017 1.0340 more than 17-year trading low (i.e. from the time of the EUR/USD recovery back above 1.0000 after several years of travails following its 1999 inception.)

GBP/USD had already held up much better against the US DOLLAR than other DEVELOPED CURRENCIES in the wake of the Brexit vote finally confirming its exit from the EU. While failing from 1.3500 again in December as well as back below the interim 1.3200 congestion, it only worked its way gradually into the historically important 1.3000-1.2800 range. Even on the late February US DOLLAR surge, GBP/USD only dropped to a Close near the bottom of that range.

However, the BoE leading the emergency rate cut efforts spooked the POUND bulls, leaving it back below 1.2800. Since then it Closed below 1.2500-1.2450 three weeks ago and even the interim 1.2200 area and previous major 1.2000-1.1960 September 2019 3.5 year low.

It was recently even below the October 2016 post-Brexit political crisis 1.1711 35-year trading low prior to the current rebound above it near the 1.2500-1.2450. While it sounds like a long way down, due to the nature of the aggressive 1984-1985 selloff and recovery, next support is not until the 1.1000 area.

Yet even that is also relatively minor congestion from that 1984-1985 swing down into and recovery from the 1.0345 February 1985 all-time low. Thankfully it had rebounded back above the 1.2200 area, even if only stalling back into the 1.2500-1.2450 area previous despite the mid-April very temporary blip above it.

Recent strength above that area has created a new interim resistance at the recent 1.2650 area highs, with next interim resistance into the 1.2700-50 range and more prominent resistance still into that broad 1.2800-1.3000 range. It is now back below 1.2500-1.2450, even if it is now recovering above the interim 1.2200 area after recently slipping below it with next support into that major 1.2000-1.1960 area below.

And despite US-China rapprochement on the Phase I trade and tariffs agreement, **AUD/USD** remains depressed on the heavier East Asian COVID-19 impact. That is only as expected, even as there has finally been a bounce on the lower Asian COVID-19 impact. Yet that is still from well below the .7000 area held in mid-May of last year.

Minor squeezes temporarily back above the .7000 area were only a prelude to slipping more definitively below it last July. Next lower major support was the .6825 area early-2016 10-year trading lows it also slipped below around the same time.

That is important after it slipped below next interim support at .6690-77 in early February on COVID-19 driven weak Chinese economic concerns. The .6500 area was the next support it slipped below along with violating the .6250 area next support. That was the last interim congestion this side of the now also violated .6000 area October 2008 17-year trading low.

The 'good' news here is that there is somewhat substantial 1998-2003 congestions at .5720, even if it washed out below temporarily in mid-March (trading low .5510) prior to the recovery back above the .6000 area it is holding back above at present and even exceeding that .6250 area violated support.

It is currently trading somewhat above the .6500 area after recent slippage below it. If it should weaken again, the .6250 and the .6000 area remain next lower supports. More major lower supports remain at .5325-15 and near .5000 this side of the very major April 2001 .4793 all-time trading low. Higher resistance remains in the .6690-77 area it slipped below in February.

USD/JPY was the prima facie example of the extreme mid-February 'haven' bid in the US DOLLAR, as the typical fellow 'haven' currency YEN came under heavy pressure on the USD/JPY surge above 110.00 for the first time since May 2019, leading to an immediate rally to the prominent 112.00-.50 area into the end of that week.

Yet here as well, once the US DOLLAR came under pressure on its loss of 'haven' status due to the COVID-19 spread in the previously safe US, at the end of February it 'crashed' back below the 110.00 area to Close into 108.00 again. Yet that did not hold since early March began on weakness that carried below the interim 106.00 area and once again below the very prominent 105.00-104.50 range (39-month trading low with major tests in March 2018, January 2018 and August 2019.)

Next lower congestion was not until the interim 102.50 area that USD/JPY traded below recently prior to and recovering back above the low 105.00 area as well as 108.00 and recently even the 110.00 area once again prior to the current weakness. Higher resistances remain in the 112.00-.50 and 114.00-.50 areas even if it sagged back below the 108.00 area of late toward 106.00 prior to the current recovery back toward 108.00.

And **EMERGING CURRENCIES** that had been under pressure had been recovering to some degree in February prior to coming back under pressure. The **SA RAND** has seen **USD/ZAR** overrun 15.40-.50 and even the 15.69 September 2018 high prior to pulling back previous.

Even though it sagged all the way to 15.20 in early March, it was back above 15.40-.50 and the 15.69 resistance a week later. Then it surged above the 16.00 and 16.30 next higher congestion resistances all the way into violating the 16.95 resistance in mid-March.

The weak economic outlook has caused it to now exceed the major January 2016 17.94 all-time high it had set back a bit from in the wake of the US rescue package last week. Yet it is important to note the next extreme weekly Oscillator thresholds (from 2008 and 2016) this week are 18.95 and 19.15 areas (weekly MA-41 plus 3.20 and 3.40), moving up by 0.10 per week. The recent improved sentiment on US EQUITIES had it back below that Oscillator threshold area into the middle of last month.

Yet it then surged well above them, setting up a potential RAND failure after the sharp early April USD/ZAR 19.00 DOWN Closing Price Reversal (CPR) with a Tolerance to the 19.08 high of the previous week. After vigorously testing that resistance last week, it is even more critical going forward. There is also the 19.33 all-time high of that DOWN CPR week.

It is also of note that the recent sharp slide of USD/ZAR from that 19.00 area only sagged to the very top of the near-term 18.00-17.80 recent congestion support prior to getting the bid back. As such, the near-term aggressive up trend was not in any way threatened. There was also the recent sharp upsurge in the wake of US EQUITIES previous near-term slide, that has finally seen USD/ZAR dropping well back below the 18.00-17.80 area it previously tested and held.

This is a further sign of how much central bank and government supports have encouraged a more upbeat outlook, whether that proves to be the case across time. On the current drop below the 17.75 weekly MA-13, the next short-term congestion support was back into the 17.55-.50 range it has slipped below. Yet at least so far it has not quite reached the more prominent historic congestion into 17.15-16.90.

Along with the Oscillator indications, the 19.00 area remains hyper-critical for USD/ZAR if it should rally once again. That is because Closing above those higher levels would create a critical failure on the SA RAND, potentially being subject to the sort of downside runaway activity the MEXICAN PESO experienced when USD/MXN overran 21.60 in early March.

If USD/ZAR strengthens beyond them, the next discernable resistances (updated for May) are not again until the 20.80 'return' (i.e. topping) line of the broad up channel (from the 6.5274 May 2011 major cycle low), and 21.00 area straight topping line across the 2008 and 2016 highs.

The RUSSIAN RUBLE had seen **USD/RUB** push above 66.50-67.00 on weak Crude Oil as well (economic weakness driven) prior to dropping back on short-term EQUITIES and CRUDE OIL recovery. Back out above it last week left the bigger resistance not until 69.00-70.00 it began this week pushing sharply above.

And historically there is not much resistance again until the 75.00 area (early 2016 congestion) which it tested into early March prior to pulling back nearer to the interim 71.00 area. Yet here as well the return of economic stresses had seen it rally back up above 75.00 of late on the previous hope for the global economy and (at long last) some reasonably significant Crude Oil improvement on the Russo-Saudi pumping truce.

That said, after recent USD/RUB strength again back above the 75.00 area, it has recently slipped somewhat below it on the Crude Oil stabilization and rally. Next interim support was previous congestion and recent trading lows into the 73.00-72.70 area it has violated. The more major support is still into the 71.00-70.00 area it is once again retesting.

In that regard, even the previously more resilient MEXICAN PESO saw **USD/MXN** surge above the 20.25 resistance in early March leading to an explosive rally. Here as well PESO weakness continued on the COVID-19 North American impact, with next resistances at 20.50 and 20.65 sharply overrun into mid-March on the way to also violating the 20.96 June 2018 high (also congestion) on the way to surging above the 22.03 January 2017 all-time high as well.

And the return of the economic stresses and weak Crude Oil prices had seen it surge to a new 24.62 all-time high out of mid-March, which had been exceeded on the US rescue package worries leading to another new 25.44 all-time high in late March prior to setting back around the mid-low 23.00 area. That left a weekly DOWN CPR from 24.40 (Tolerance 24.62) as new near-term resistance, yet which was NEGATED on last week's push higher (and Closing above it.)

Despite the Russo-Saudi pumping truce not fomenting a Crude Oil rally, there was also another round of USD/MXN weakening from the early April 25.76 new all-time high. That left yet another weekly DOWN CPR from 24.96 (Tolerance 25.04) the critical elevated near-term topping signal key resistance now after it pushed above that mid-24.00 area. Much like USD/ZAR stalling from its 19.00 retest, USD/MXN falling back from the 25.00 area critical resistance below the low-24.00 area is a positive PESO sign.

Lower support is the recent congestion in the low 23.00 area it neared in early April and has now violated on the current selloff. That also overran weekly the Oscillator threshold (MA-41 plus 2.30) that is up into the 22.85 area this week, leaving it more critical into the overrun historic 22.00 area January 2017 37-month previous all-time high.

Of note, the USD/MXN strength since early March had also been significantly above previous prominent weekly Oscillator resistance that should have kicked in around 21.60 in early March. The churn into that 25.00 DOWN CPR and other swings into that area have set a fresh extended weekly Oscillator threshold at weekly MA-41 plus 5.00-5.30. That will need to be watched on any return to extended strength.

The TURKISH LIRA had been relatively steady through all of the EMERGING CURRENCY turmoil elsewhere. Yet it has been under pressure since **USD/TRY** held key 5.50-5.45 support and pushed back above 5.65-.60 range along with last July's 5.7871 high from after the central bank governor dismissal. Key resistance at 5.90-5.93 was also exceeded again in January.

USD/TRY even strengthened above the 6.00 area that seemed to point to a retest of interim 6.15 area that was also exceeded on the way to a test of the May 2019 crisis 6.25 area 17-month trading high. Compared to the weakness of other EMERGING CURRENCIES this previously left the LIRA a bastion of stability.

Yet above the 6.25 area since mid-March left the door open to a test of the higher September 2018 6.45-6.55 congestion it had exceeded again prior to the temporary subsequent setback into that area later on in March. Since mid-April it has rallied above extended higher resistances at 6.72 and 6.83. That left the 7.10 area previous 2018 crisis all-time high it has now exceeded.

That put it up above the high end of some key weekly Oscillator resistance (MA-41 plus 75-85) at 6.90-7.00 this week, with the decision now more critical since it recently traded above that previous 7.10 area all-time high prior to the current slide back below the Oscillator projections. Now weakening further below that Oscillator range looks good for the LIRA.

If it should push up strongly again, the 2018 thresholds are not until much higher: 7.85 and 8.35 (MA-41 plus 1.70 and 2.20.) However, at least so far it has loosely defended the Oscillator resistance up to near that 7.10 area previous 2018 crisis all-time high. Next lower support is into that old 6.72 area already tested this week, with weekly MA-13 right into that area.

Reports & Events

While still obviously less relevant (as we have been noting for some time and is most glaringly apparent again at present) on the standard report releases in the midst of more major global trade and political cross currents, the Weekly Report & Event Calendar (accessible for Sterling and higher level subscribers) is available via the www.rohr-blog.com sidebar.

As we have been noting for some time in our research notes, regularly scheduled releases are obviously less relevant in the face of the COVID-19 'macro' factors. That said, there are still some very important economic releases and central bank influences again this week.

While Monday was mostly quieter reporting day with the UK and US holiday closures, lower than estimated German GDP and IFO sentiment indications were released at the top of a typically heavy economic data release last week of the month. Tuesday picked up markedly with an expected heavy contraction in OECD GDP Growth (<https://bit.ly/3goTShc>) along with the ECB May 2020 Financial Stability Review into key US economic data. The latter showed a sharp increase in New Home Sales, yet at much lower prices, and still weakness elsewhere.

Wednesday was a bit lighter, yet still brought the RBNZ Financial Stability Report along with some key European releases like still weak confidence indicators and US data that saw a surprising increase in both Mortgage Applications and a bump in the Richmond Fed Index. Today saw major data releases out of Europe along with the OECD G20 International Trade Statistics and the typical US data deluge that included the still weak GDP revision.

Friday is of course another heavy data day from Asia right through Europe. That is followed by a 'Discussion with the Fed's Powell' webcast at 15:00 GMT, and quite a bit of Canadian and US data, ending with Chicago Purchasing Managers' Index and Michigan Consumer Sentiment.

ROHR RESEARCH NOTE Thursday, May 28, 2020

And due to the vagaries of the COVID-19 volatility, we still maintain our recent classic advice that was fully vindicated late last week: Keep those seat belts firmly fastened.

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