
ROHR ALERT!! Reality Bites

1 message

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Dear Subscribers,

As noted in Thursday's 'Like Charming a Cobra' ALERT!!, outside of the emerging currencies' extensive weakness strongly suggesting the 'risk-off' psychology was going to carry the day, the developed currencies, global govies and US equities were all a bit stuck. It was like staring down a threatening situation while not necessarily knowing for sure how it was going to evolve in the near term.

Yet getting back to our longtime precept, the markets always get the final analytic word regardless of what analyst inferences might have suggested along the way. Today is one of those ultimate instances where the market activity across all of the asset classes has resolved the contention between the 'risk-on' and 'risk-off' camps along the lines of what the emerging currencies had already suggested over the past couple of sessions; and for the 'risk-on' camp, reality finally bites.

As we have already reviewed all of the background on tripartite headwinds for the global economy (necessary to create any substantial slowdown) in Thursday's 'Like Charming a Cobra' and Wednesday's 'ECB Financial Stability Review and More' ALERT!!s (repeated below for your ease of access), we will only update the most salient aspects here... primarily the strong COVID-19 pandemic resurgence.

With any significant impact from Chinese weakness forestalled by its stronger economic numbers early this week, and inflation concerns offset by still strong corporate earnings, those constructive 'rearview mirror' influences are being overshadowed by the anticipatory fears from the resurgent COVID-19 spread.

And as we often revisit from another long standing precept, "*The market is a creature of expectations.*" The shift from the mid-October 'post-pandemic' psychology that was so prevalent in the mainstream and financial press to the current negative global pandemic resurgence fears is striking. It is most likely what has made the difference between the bid in non-US dollar currencies and extended global govies weakness into mid-October now fully reversed.

The US Dollar Index had reacted this week, yet is now back above its key 95.70 area after already pushing back up to test the low-mid 96.00 area. And that is just a reflection of its 'shift to the least bad' form of a 'haven' bid against the other developed currencies. The emerging currencies are another matter altogether, reflecting the extended inflation and COVID-19 fears with significant weakness.

As an example, the South African rand is seeing USD/ZAR challenging its 15.65 January full year trading high, much above which there is not much until at least the September 2020 16.07 trading low. Yet more substantial congestion from March-November 2020 trading range into higher levels is not until 16.30-.35 area. On top of that is a very credible weekly Head & Shoulders Bottom, with its 15.25 UP Break just this week, and an Objective of 17.45. Of note, the mid-17.00 area is next 2020 congestion at the top of the range for which 16.30-.35 is the low end.

Similarly Mexican peso has USD/MXN back near its 20.97 8-month trading high that was also challenged two weeks ago. Much above that the next resistance is not until the March 20.30-.40 DOWN CPR, and that week's 21.63 trading high.

Within that it is still the case that despite near-term selloffs the US equities have mostly maintained their bid, even if seemingly constrained for now. December S&P 500 future has repeatedly sold off from the low 4,700 area resistance, yet not below the mid-4,600 area even in the wake of today's more troubling global COVID-19 spread news. Yet that seems to reinforce TINA (There Is No Alternative) psychology once again, and it might remain in a world of its own.

This is most interesting in a world where global govies are finally getting a full bid back. That is after weeks where they have had so much trouble fully shaking off the weakness (i.e. reflection of higher yields) experienced during the major September-October 'post-pandemic' psychology. Weak sister December Gilt future that had been trading below its key 126.00 area is now well back above it.

The December T-note future is rallying once again from the key 130-00 area it has respected since first testing it a month ago. That is even though it is not back up to the 132-00 area it tested in the wake of the BoE's less hawkish than expected indication two weeks ago. 132-00 is now also the area of weekly MA-13.

Yet it is the December Bund future that stands out in being at a significant new recovery high this week. After sagging slightly below its 168.00 support in late October it has been back above the previously failed 170.00-169.50 support since the post-BoE rally two weeks ago. However, it is now back up near the more major 172.50-173.00 area at which it stalled for a month on the way up in June of last year. Of note, weekly MA-41 is now just below that 172.50-173.00 area, which will make it an even more important area in the Evolutionary Trend View.

And as a further sign that is often ingrained in the typically early quarterly Bund future expiration (admittedly still not until Wednesday, December 8th), the March Bund future is trading up near 174.00 (more than a 1.50 premium to the December contract.) These fairly extensive premiums and discounts in the 'second month' are different from what are mostly standard more modest expiration 'rollover' discounts in the other global govies. They are regular and mostly credible indications of the forward psychology, which now appears negative for Europe. Unless the March Bund future drops by 1.50, it is a negative psychological sign.

The question we have repeatedly posed of late on the resurgent pandemic was crystalized again in Tuesday's 'Critical Cross Current Choices' ALERT!! It is the 'choice' the markets and their participants would need to make on whether the return of much higher new case counts would be a major economic headwind, or would it be benign despite that pandemic resurgence? Much of that would have to do with both any renewed government restrictions, and also the general public sentiment on the 'gathering' economy which has suffered so greatly at times.

Consider the coverage from Reuters (<https://reut.rs/3DB9M38>) in this morning's "Austria angers many with full lockdown and Germany may follow suit." There is also the return of confusion for the German public and other countries on the cross currents. That is on the German foreign minister being adamant that there will not be a national lockdown, which was not too long after the health minister announced the country is in a national emergency on the COVID-19 spread.

Hmmm, now what should we make of that? Well, for right now we are going to assume it means that the 'post-pandemic' psychology is dead, and the issue is now the degree to which resurgent COVID-19 elicits government restrictions.

However, for the US as well in the wake of next week's massive Thanksgiving travel and many family gatherings, there is the issue of how troubling the new case levels will be as it regards public sentiment. We have noted repeatedly of late that the CDC graph (<https://bit.ly/3DpHylH>) of New US COVID-19 cases has never seen a substantial recent drop below the key 65,000-70,000 level, and the 7-Day Average is headed up from that area now. It's going to be very interesting.

Courtesy Repeat of Thursday's 'Like Charming a Cobra' ALERT!!

After all of the important releases earlier this week (including Wednesday's ECB Financial Stability Review), there was not much more of any consequence today other than the pleasant surprise of

Euro-zone CPI coming as expected. While still at an elevated level, that is a constructive change from some recent individual European countries' hotter inflation indications, which is also the case elsewhere.

Along with the downside correction back below 80.00 in WTI Crude Oil prices, that is likely responsible for the nominal bid in global govies today. Yet it is curious that the direct influence of lower energy prices, along with its importance for overall inflation, is not assisting emerging currencies at all. In fact, they are under more extensive pressure now even than their recent return to weakness since their mid-October rally highs. That is a sign of the degree to which a 'risk-off' psychology is continuing to expand beyond the inflation consideration.

As noted in Wednesday's 'ECB Financial Stability Review and More' ALERT!! (repeated below for your ease of access), with China temporarily sidelined as a major negative influence, it comes back around to the impact of the now resurgent COVID-19 pandemic. Check out the latest CDC New US Cases graph there for the indication that is also apparent in the UK and much of Europe outside of France. US cases surging back up to 150,000 on Monday is a distinctly bad sign right in front of the Thanksgiving weekend major travel and gathering beginning in the middle of next week. While the daily new cases dropped back to 96,000 on Tuesday, only numbers consistently below 65,000 are constructive.

That concern over the potential impact on the global economy might also be contributing to the bid in the global govies. Yet they have been very hard to read under the prevailing cross currents, where inflation remains high and well above the current risk-free yield levels. It has been like trying to stare down a cobra to watch them in current narrow ranges after the major September-October selloffs. Even weak sister December Gilt future has recovered back above the 126.00 area.

And if it is evolving into more of a COVID-19 resurgence 'risk-off' environment, the same can be said for the US equities. Since the December S&P 500 future exhausted its rally into the low 4,700 area Oscillator resistance late week two weeks ago, it has been stuck up against it; yet mostly only reacting down to no lower than the 4,650 area. When do the next more substantial price moves commence again? That's anybody's guess with strong corporate earnings.

However, in general the now pronounced weakness of emerging currencies tends to reinforce our recent sustained view that the entire 'post-pandemic' psychology so prominent in the general and financial press a month ago was a 'triumph of hope over reason' for anyone considering the broader macro influences... especially the COVID-19 pandemic resurgence that is a global development.

As noted on Wednesday, there is still an analytic choice to be made on whether the extensive higher new cases will bring as extensive a negative economic impact as last year. We suggest a read of Wednesday's analysis for a full review.

Repeat of Wednesday's 'ECB Financial Stability Review and More' ALERT!!

We noted in Tuesday's 'Critical Cross Current Choices' ALERT!! that we were only going to update the Evolutionary Trend View after this morning's (08:00 GMT) ECB Financial Stability Review (<https://bit.ly/2YUAnsW>.) That is after the recent significant short-term impact of the BoE Monetary Policy Report and press conference two weeks ago, and last Monday's Federal Reserve Financial Stability Report, which highlighted some of the risks from China's property developers.

It is of note that the ECB seems so sanguine about the risks from what it sees as a waning COVID-19 pandemic, and is even highlighting the recovery since the depths of the early phase quarantines and general public fears. Yet we continue to ask the same questions repeated in Tuesday's analysis that we have been looking at for some time: Is the pandemic really waning? And will the impact of any resurgence really be as benign as many observers would like to believe?

We will revisit that shortly, but first we suggest a quick review of what the ECB had to say by scrolling down to 'presentation slides' for a look past the better tendencies the ECB has highlighted. In the initial bullet points on the outlook it notes, "*Supply disruptions and energy prices pose risks to*

inflation and growth.” As we have highlighted for both Europe and the UK, that energy price component of the general sustained inflation picture is of particular concern into the Winter.

On a more subtle note regarding market valuations, the “Deviation of a basket of global financial assets from long-term average” graph (page 7) is very interesting. It illustrates the degree to which general asset prices have become inflated to the same degree as they were depressed during the Credit and Housing Bust in 2009.

Of course, these tendencies are hard to quantify for any definitive market view. However, the recent explanations of why corporate earnings can remain strong despite the ongoing inflation likely eating into consumer discretionary spending, especially in the UK and Europe, are suspect. Even in a US where savings remain robust after the spread of government relief package largesse, the recently cited BLS Real Earnings report (see last Friday’s ALERT!! for the full details) showed that US workers are losing ground to inflation despite the recent wage gains.

With the China risk factor temporarily suspended due to encouraging Retail Sales and Industrial Production data early this week, the remaining risk is the COVID-19 pandemic resurgence. That is underway in quite a few areas, especially Eastern Europe and now Western Europe as well (France excepted) and the UK, where it surged as far back as July and has remained high. Yet the poster child for how bad it might become on a near-term assessment and outlook is still the US.

As we have noted in recent analysis, and committed to updating on a regular basis, the US was the main source of the ‘post-pandemic’ quip on just how far new cases had fallen. That was with an expectation case counts would collapse further into a benign limited spread in the future. This was despite the still low overall US full vaccination (around 60%) and rejection of suppression measures.

However, as we have emphasized since our October 20th ‘Post-WHAT?’ ALERT!!, that sanguine extrapolation of the near-term trend was folly without any credible exploration of the ‘macro’ factors that would support that sort of optimistic view. And lo and behold, that ‘post-pandemic’ designation has disappeared from the general and financial press vernacular in a heartbeat in the face of the renewed spread of the pandemic. While Asia has seen an uptick in cases that is troubling due to its more draconian responses, those have proved effective in the past.

And the real risk for a major COVID-19 resurgence that could lead to extensive government restrictions to curb it is in the US. As we have been at pains to point out previous, the real impact of the pandemic on economic activity is twofold. The first is outright government (whether local, regional or federal) restrictions that weigh on economic activity. Yet there is also a broader psychological force which has a real impact beyond any government action: public aversion to activity in the ‘gathering’ economy, including dining, travel and hospitality.

On the back of greater vaccination confidence, each of those areas has recently seen a major rebound after waning in Q2 on surging COVID-19 new case counts. However, that recent new case improvement is now significantly reversing in the wake of the more sanguine public attitudes. Again as we have highlighted and committed to regularly updating, here is the latest CDC New US COVID-19 Cases graph (<https://bit.ly/3DpHyIH>.) After the typical lighter reporting over the weekend, US new cases as of Monday have surged strongly, up to every bit of 150,000.

Along with the recent consistent push to new cases above 100,000 since late October, the 7-Day Average (that did not even drop back below the consistently highlighted, key 65,000-70,000 area) is trending in the wrong direction again. However hopeful the optimists would like to be, this is also into what is expected to be a return to major US Thanksgiving travel and gatherings a week from today.

Might it really be that this will bring a reduction of new cases despite those rising prior to this higher risk time? Might it also be that US vaccination progress (that is less than Europe and the UK) will bring a period where the economic impact is going to be very limited? Possibly. Yet we recommend keeping an eye on that potential general public reticence regarding the ‘gathering’ economy. It is an even more powerful indication for future US economic performance in a world where the pandemic is

once again resurgent, and might even inform our view beyond any government action... it might also extend to influencing the public elsewhere.

While sustained inflation and especially its impact into UK and European energy prices this Winter will be a forward consideration, and China is on hold for now, the COVID-19 impact that many had hoped would be in the rearview mirror by now is once again a key consideration. The cross currents on that noted above form the critical choices the markets and their participants will need to make.

Courtesy Repeat of Wednesday's critical consideration

After the early July downside reaction the recovery back above the 4,300 area violated support left the higher resistance into the previous week's 4,360 DOWN Closing Price Reversal with a Tolerance to 4,364. That is clear on the S&P 500 future weekly chart (<https://bit.ly/3HsfCX2> updated through Friday.) It is of note September S&P 500 future had managed to retest that area right into the ECB press conference prior to weakening again the following Thursday morning.

And the September S&P 500 future subsequently sustaining activity above the 4,425 and 4,450 weekly Oscillator thresholds was a sign of continued strength as they were still rising \$25 per week. As such, the Oscillator indications remained important after what was the 'lackluster jailbreak' after the previous outstanding US Employment report. With the market dropping back below the 4,450 level (on weekly MA-41 up \$25), there seemed to finally be some real risk.

Yet even below the key lower interim levels into the recent 4,425 area congestion and 4,380-65 area bottom of that, it also held key lower support in mid-August looking forward into the following week. That bigger level was 4,340 on weekly MA-13 (loosely held on all sharp reactions) at that time, and the significant aggressive weekly UP Channel from the major 2,174 March 2020 cycle low.

In the event, the recent late week recovery back above the 4,425 area pointed to the strength of the psychological recovery as well as exceeding the key technical resistance areas. That led to the recent new all-time highs above the previous week's 4,476.50 trading high (prior to the temporary selloff.) That again left the near-term Oscillator thresholds into 4,515 and 4,540 areas (on the rising MA-41), which it failed to maintain in early September, fomenting the reaction.

This led to the violation of the 4,492 interim daily chart congestion after trading around it previous, with the more prominent 4,462 area also being violated three weeks ago. And while it subsequently traded back above that as well, recent softening below it spoke of an ability to trend lower in the near term. That left the more major 4,420-10 area as next support on both weekly MA-13 as well as that significant aggressive weekly UP Channel from the major March 2020 low.

Having tested that area into the mid-September Close and violating it from the beginning of the following week was a fresh 4,410 DOWN Break. That fed further weakness which was already anticipated from the negative influence flowing out of China. As usual there was a Tolerance below that (as seen on selloffs in both June and July) down to 4,350 area lower congestion developed during the temporary July topping activity, and retested on the mid-August sharp temporary reaction to a 4,347.75 trading low. While that seemed a broad berth, on past form only below the 4,350 area does it signal a full trend reversal.

Yet as always with these matters, the weekly Close was more important than temporary trading weakness below it. And the December S&P 500 future held against interim low-4,300 support, and ended the week back above the low 4,400 area. The extent of the temporary selloff means that it needed to be treated as a 4,410 weekly up channel DOWN Break. Yet that also means the Close back above it established it as a Negated DOWN Break, and therefore a support area. That is also consistent with weekly MA-13 moving up to the 4,430 area this week.

That said, the 4,348 area had reverted to the key support again on the then renewed pressure. And much like previous, it was temporarily violated. The difference is that the daily 'trend flow' was quite a bit different with the rally back above the low-4,400 area. Holding above the 4,430 area Tolerance of the 4,400-10 resistance for a weekly Close also above the at that time weekly MA-9 and MA-13 in the 4,435-45 area looking more bullish again.

The next higher resistance was at the 4,472 late September trading high from which it previously dropped to the 4,300 area. That being exceeded last week was a further strong sign, which has not surprisingly led to the December S&P 500 future also pushing above the next minor early-September congestion in the 4,510 area. That only left the early September 4,549.50 front month S&P 500 future all-time high as resistance. After that was exceeded, a 4,621 major 'swing count' was the next key threshold, with the next key weekly Oscillator thresholds up into 4,705 and 4,730 this week (still rising \$20 per week.) After stalling into the lower one two weeks ago, there was finally a reaction... yet only down to near 4,621.

Thanks for your interest.

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